



Internal tidal mixing in the Indonesian archipelago and its effect on Tropical climate system

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A. Atmadipoera, I. Jaya, IPB Bogor

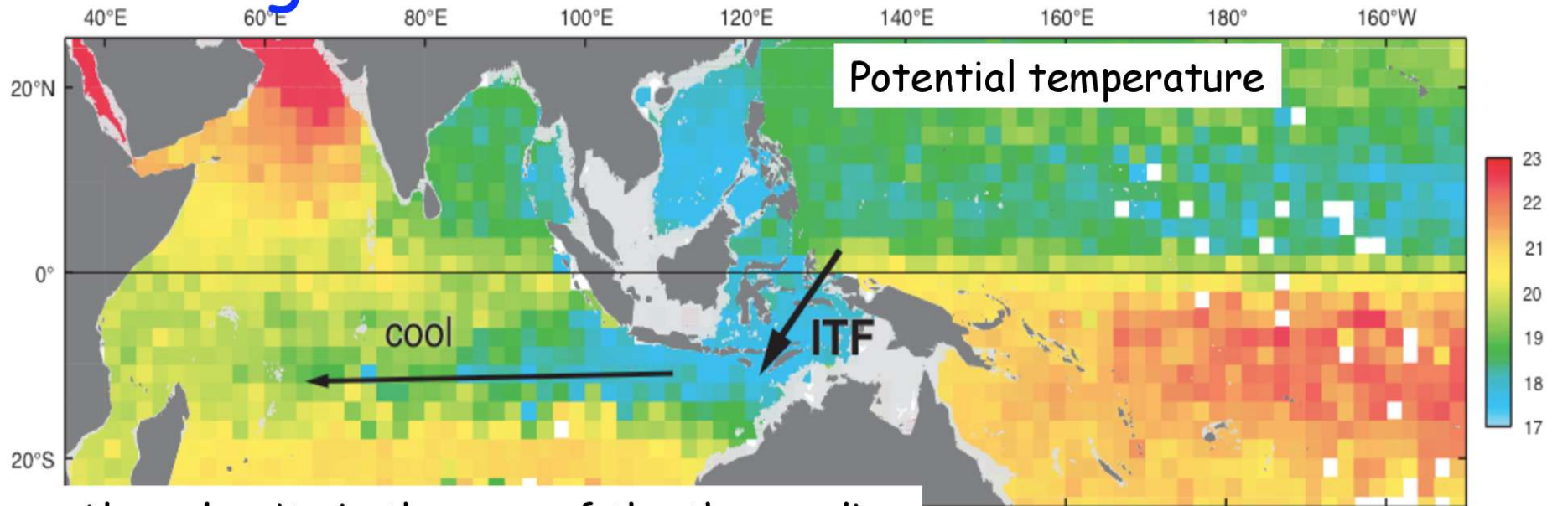
D. Nugroho, BRKP Jakarta

G. Madec, P. Bouruet-Aubertot, M. Lengaigne, T. Izumo, P. Terray, LOCEAN, Paris France

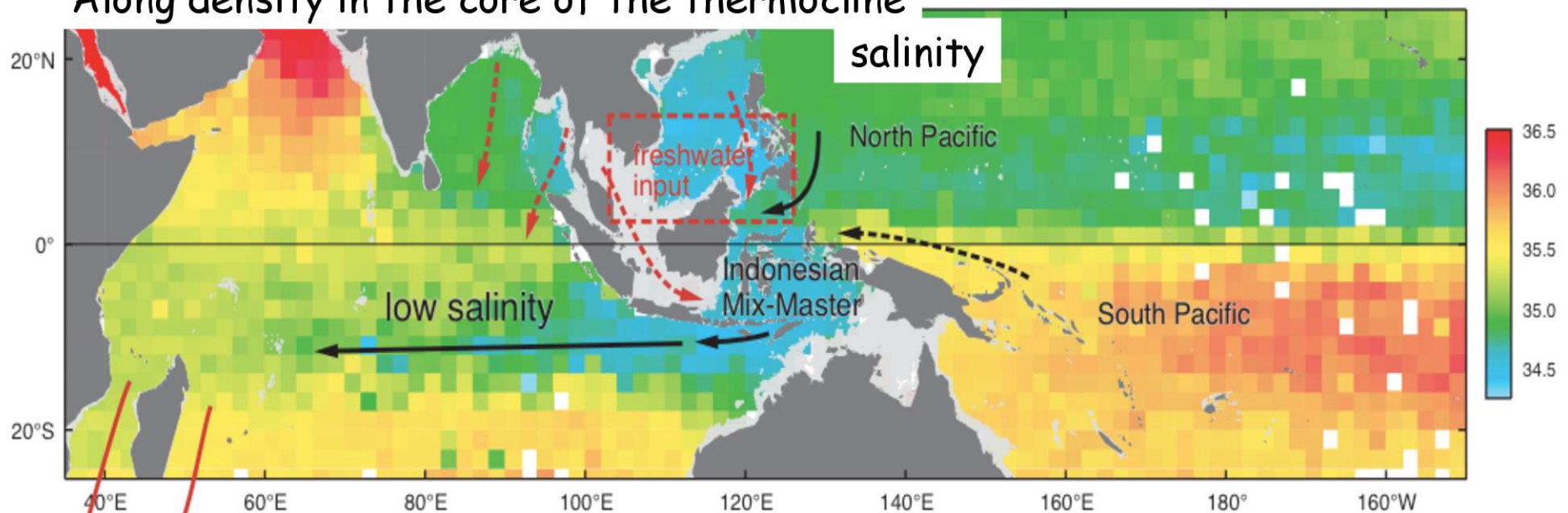
T. Gerkema, NIOZ, Netherland

Ariane.Koch-Larrouy@ird.fr

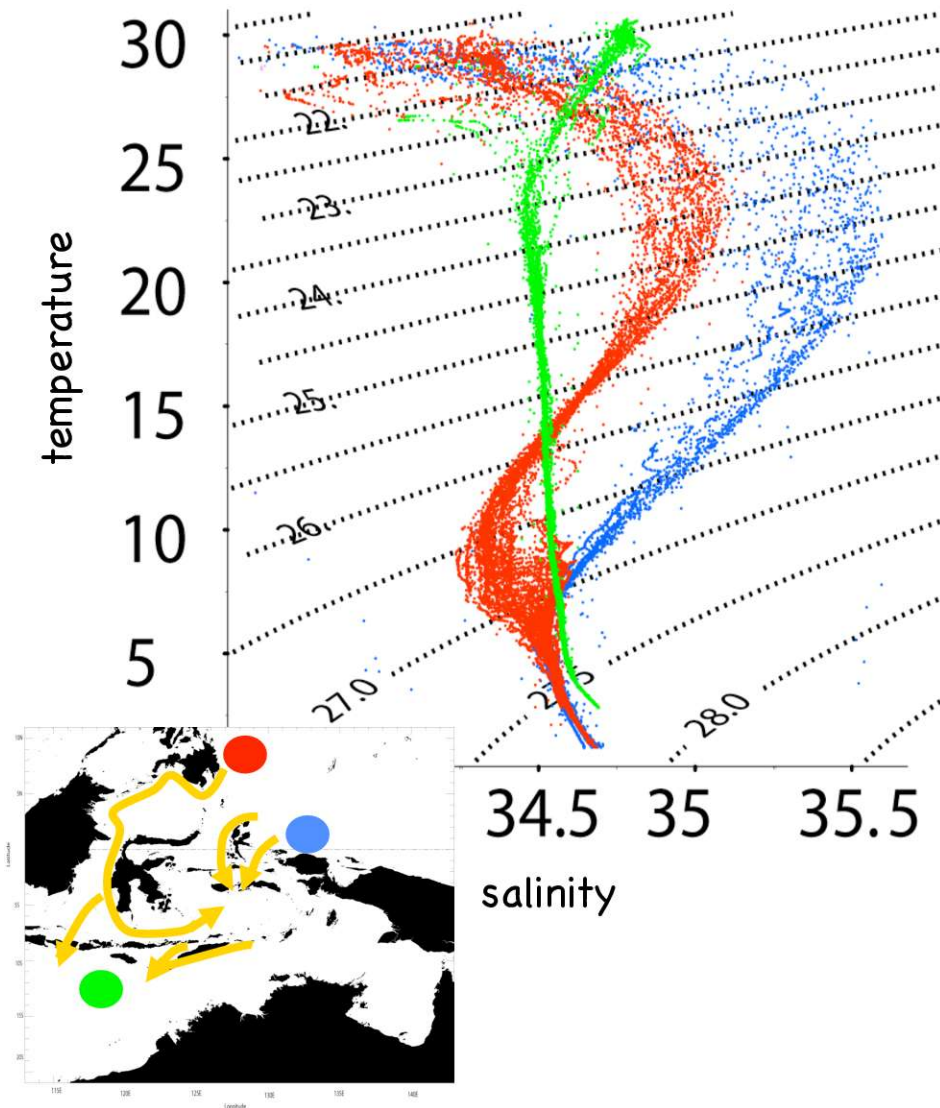
Indonesian archipelago = strong water mass transformation



Along density in the core of the thermocline



Indonesian archipelago = strong water mass transformation



Advection diffusion model

-> strong vertical mixing
 $K_z \sim 1-2 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$

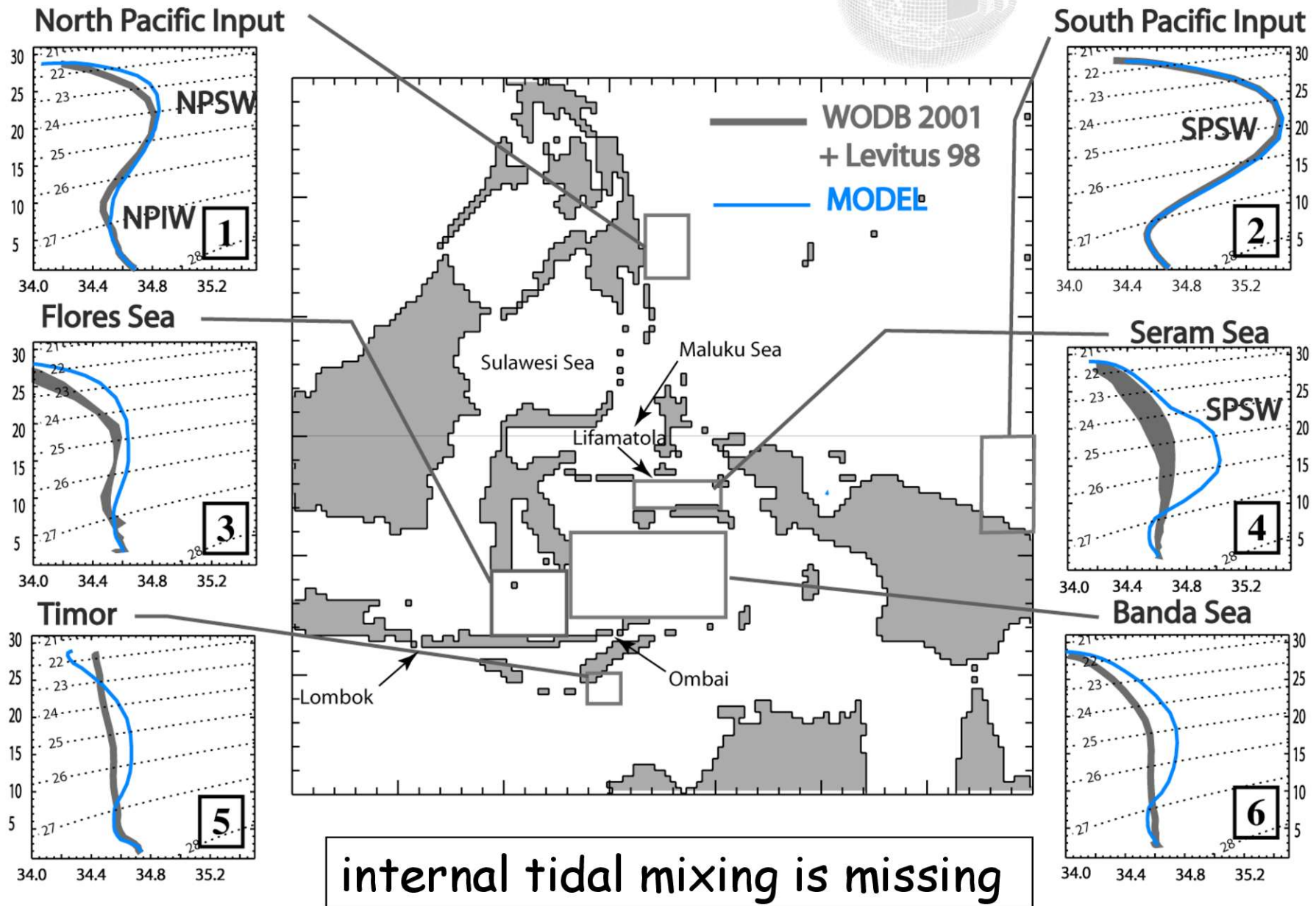
Hautala et al 1996, Field et Gordon 1996

= 10 times > open ocean

best candidate

Internal Tides ?

What about in the model ?

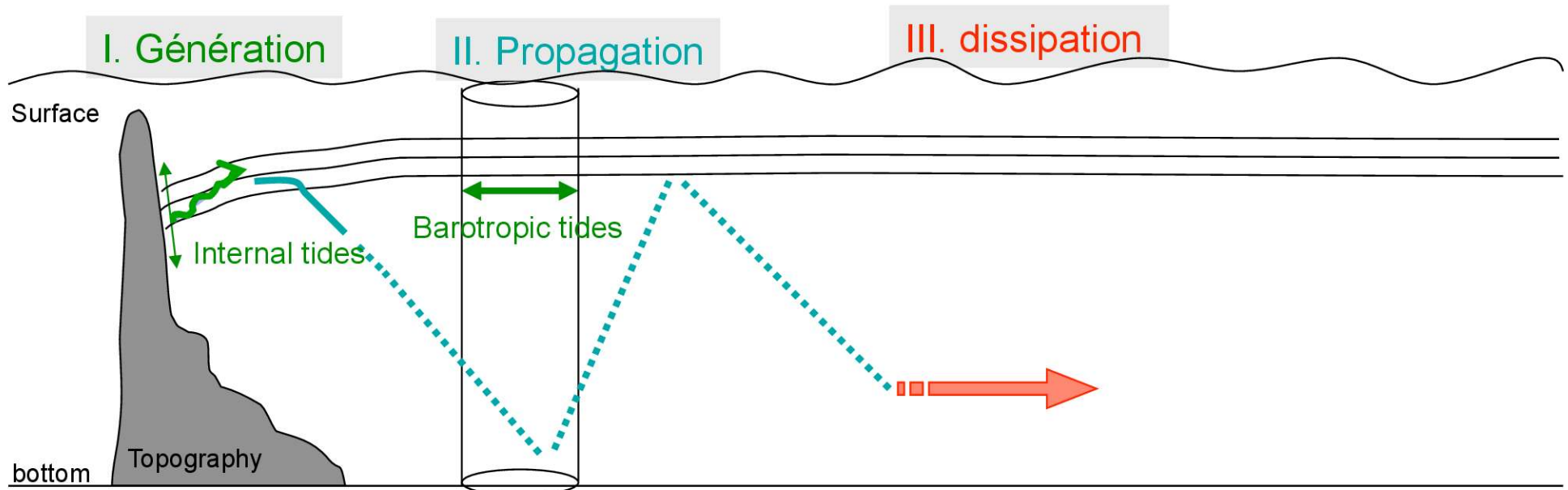


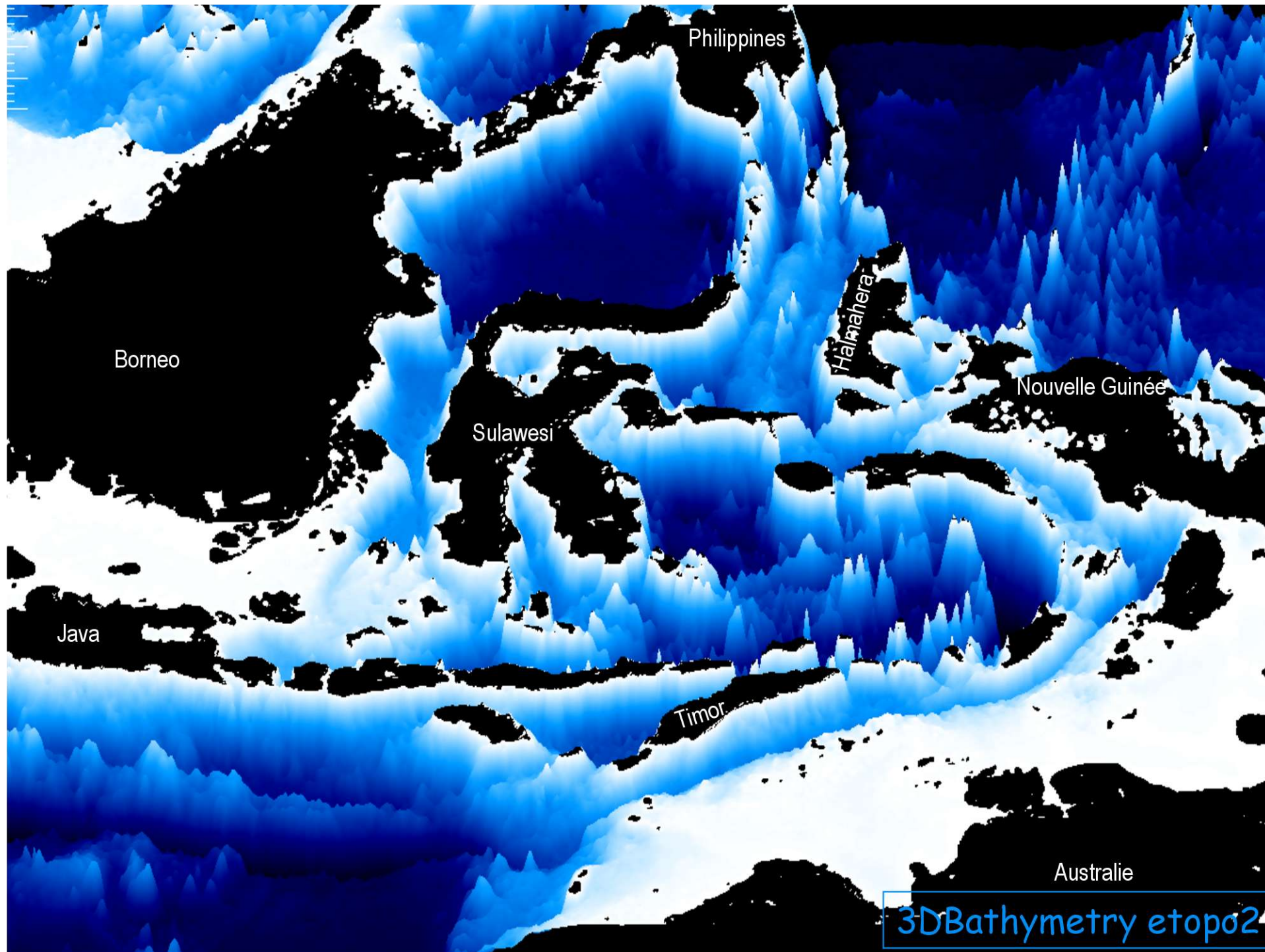


Internal tides mixing in the Indonesian seas

- 1) Improve the model by taking into account the unresolved internal tides
- 2) Impact on Climate model ?
- 3) Verify hypotheses raised with the model with *INDOMIX in-situ* data
- 4) Explicit tides in an *OGCM*

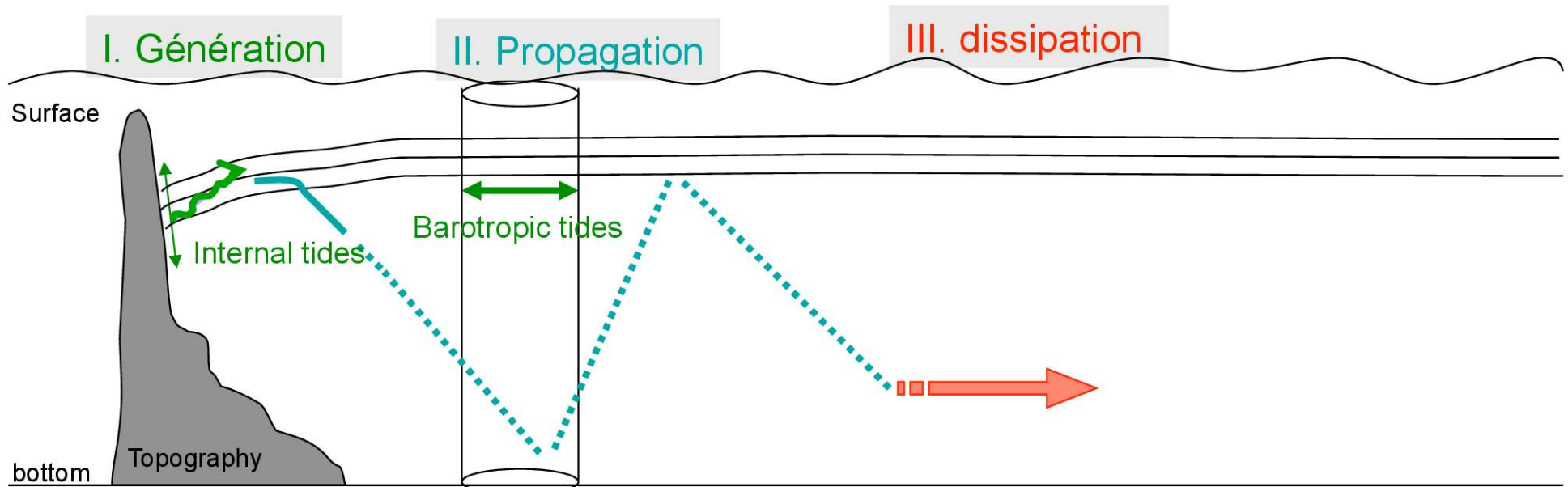
Internal Tides





3DBathymetry etopo2

Internal Tides



Large scale PARAM



1) Improve the model : parameterization

How to take them into account ?

$$E(x,y)$$

$$k_{z \text{ tides}} = \frac{0.2 q E(x,y) F(z)}{\rho N^2}$$

St Laurent 2002

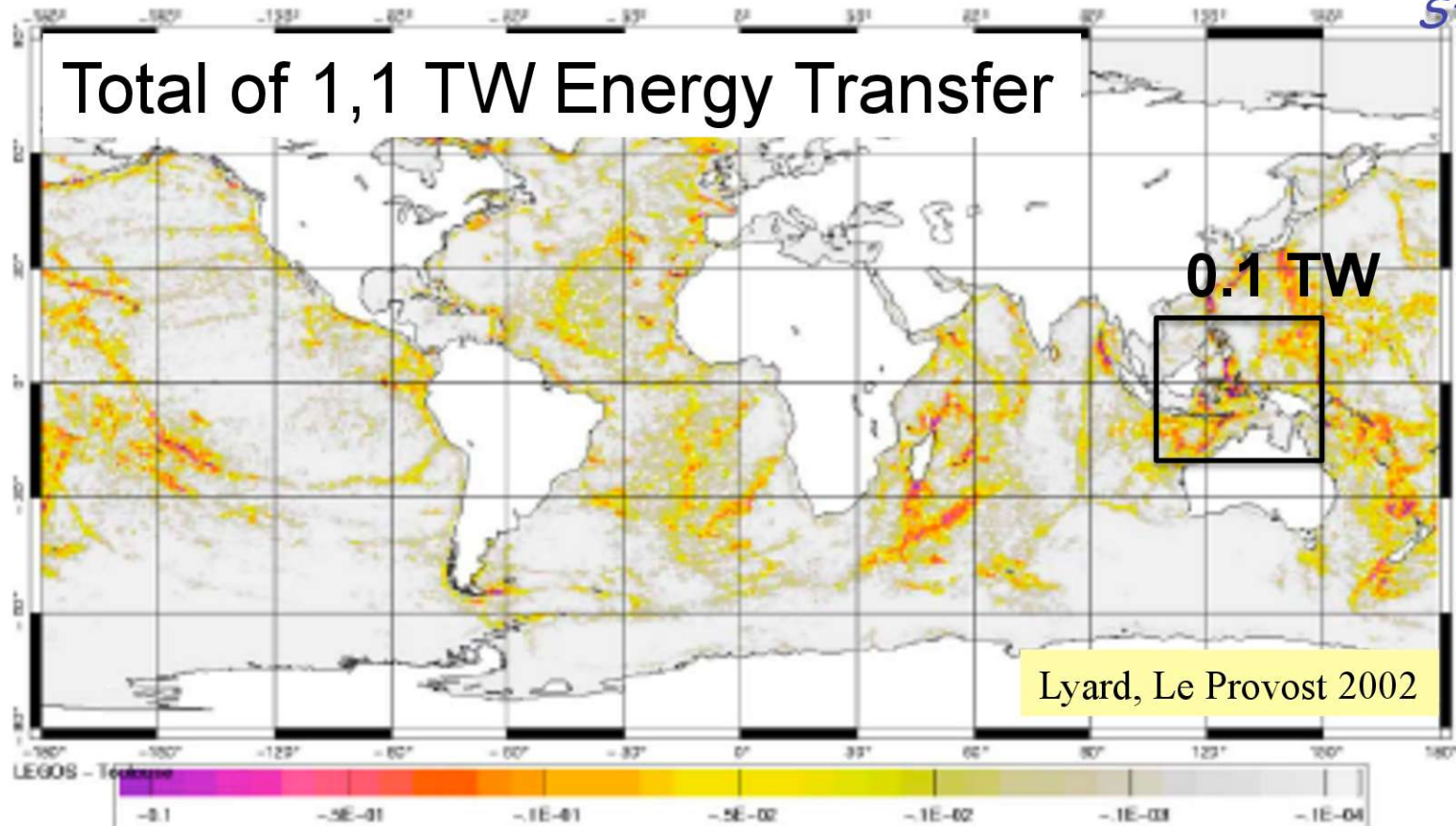
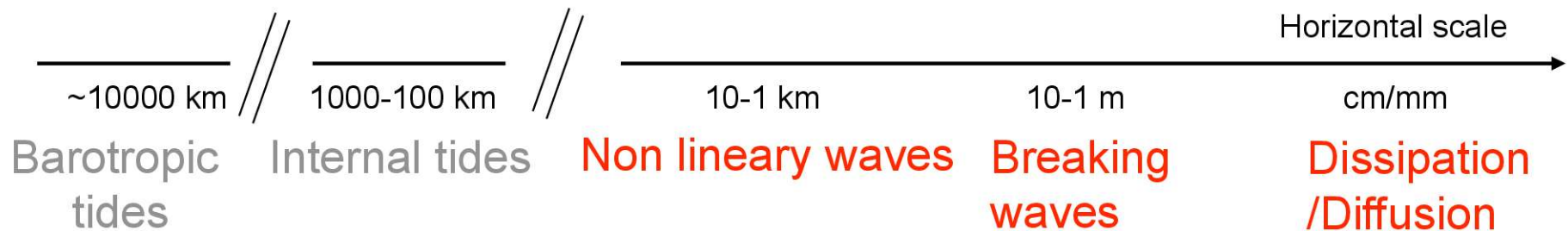
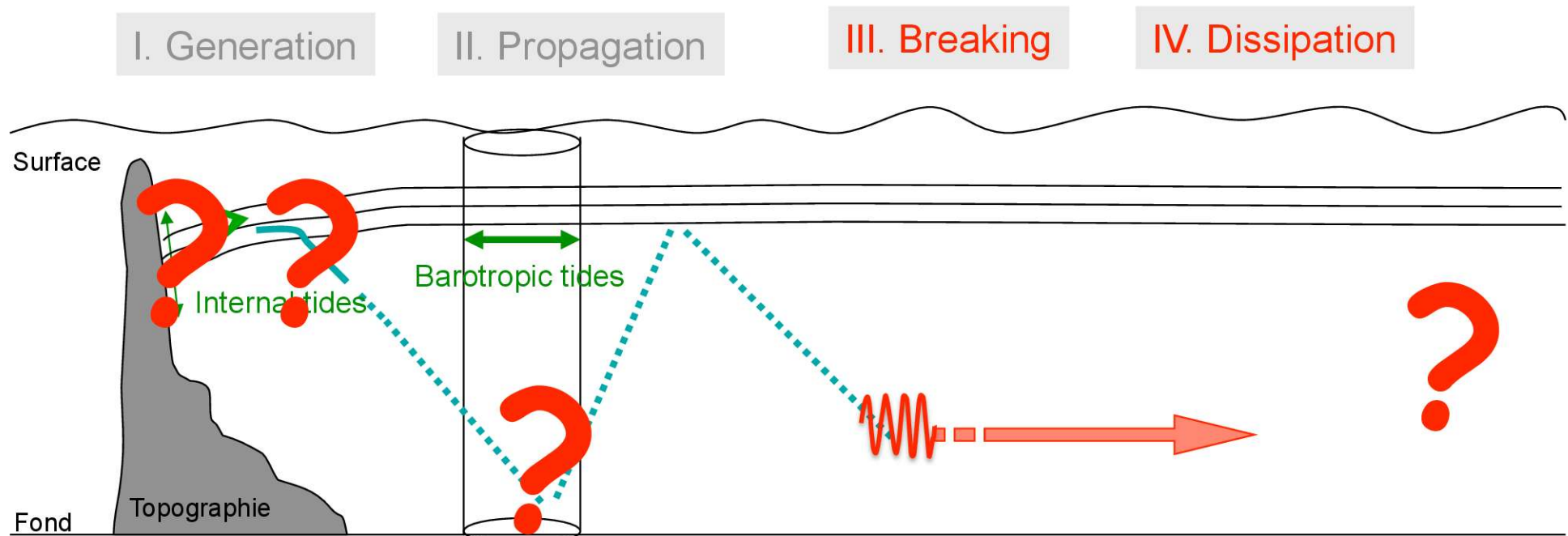


Fig. 7 M_2 wave drag dissipation (W/m^2)

Generation sites well known

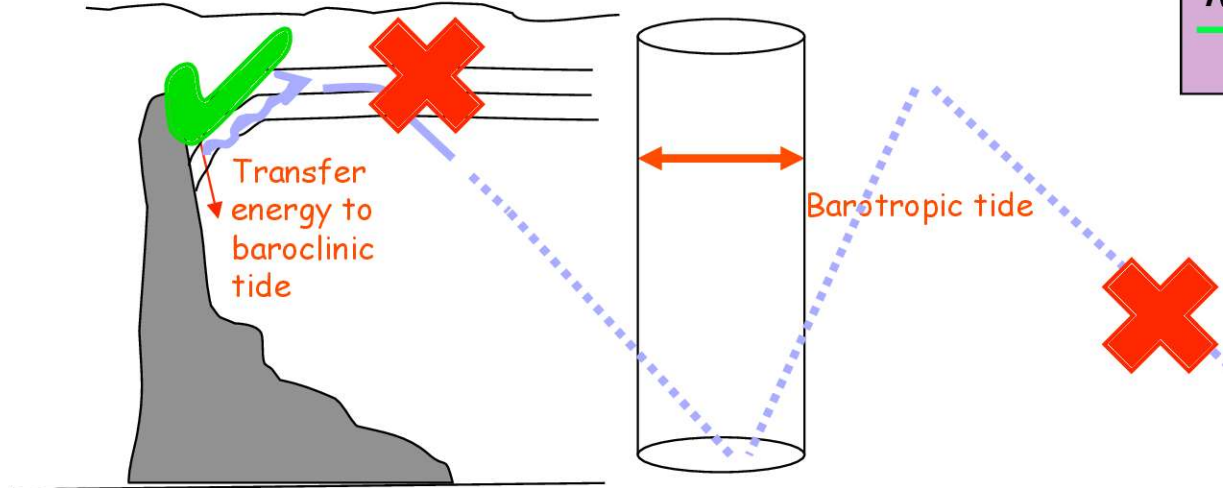
1) Improve the model : parameterization

Dissipation big unknown



1) Improve the model : parameterization

Classical param in open ocean

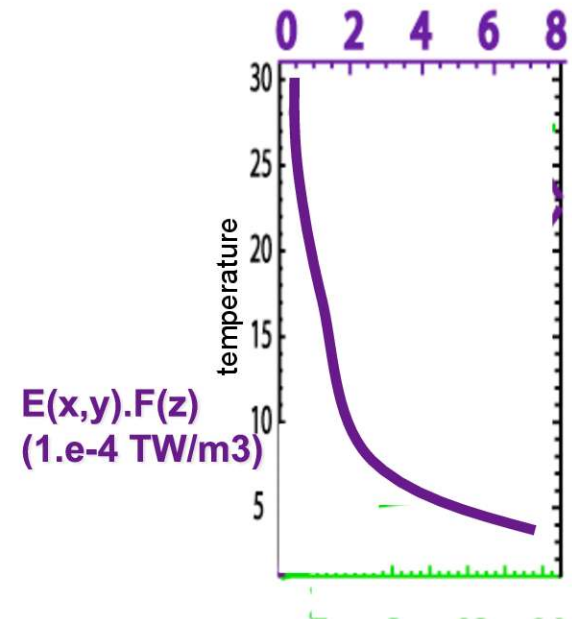


$$k_{z \text{ tides}} = \frac{0.2 q E(x,y) F(z)}{\rho N^2}$$

St Laurent 2002

Dissipation at the generation sites close to the bottom

$F(z)$

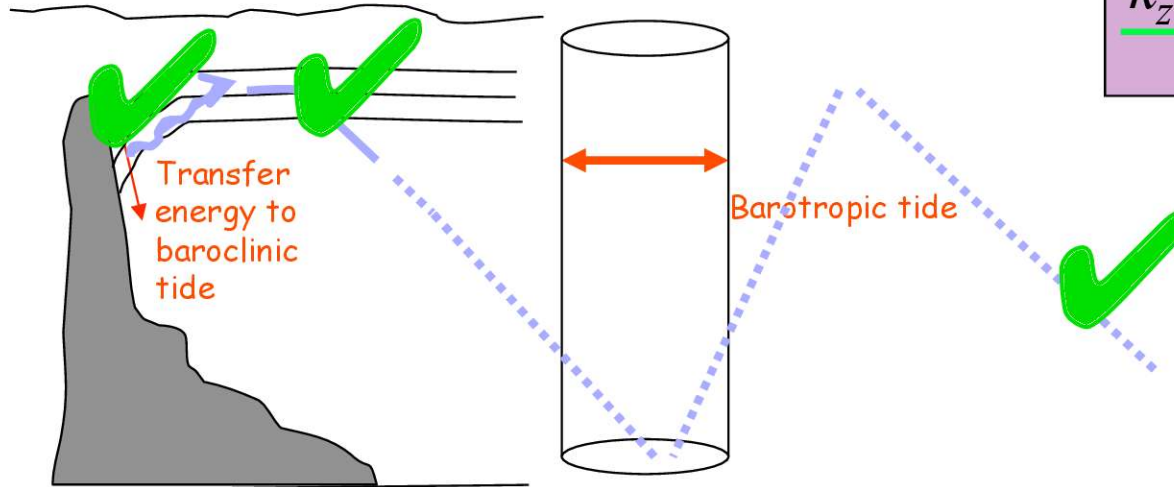


1) Improve the model : parameterization

Indonesian : semi enclosed seas

$$k_{z \text{ tides}} = \frac{0.2 q E(x,y) F(z)}{\rho N^2}$$

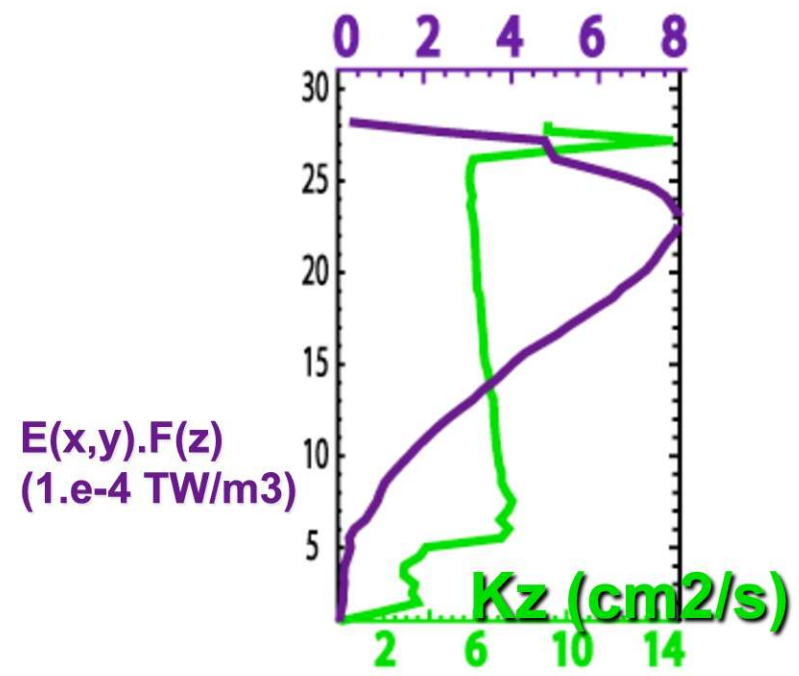
St Laurent 2002



Dissipation
at the generation sites
MAX in the thermocline

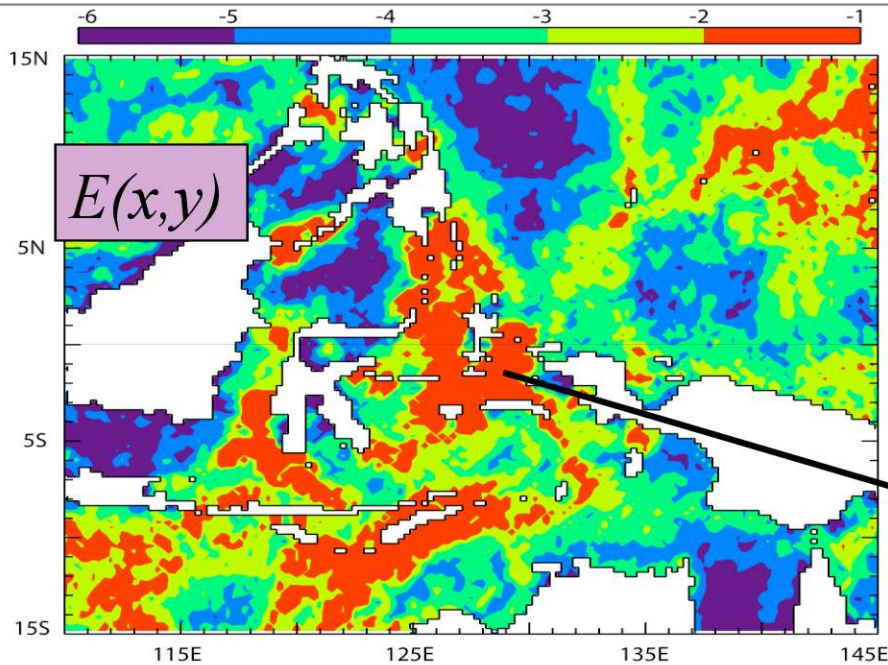
All dissipated locally $q=1$

$F(z)$



Main Hypotheses !

1) Improve the model : parameterization



$$k_{z \text{ tides}} = \frac{0.2 q E(x,y) F(z)}{\rho N^2}$$

St Laurent 2002

Halmahera Sea
8 cm²/s

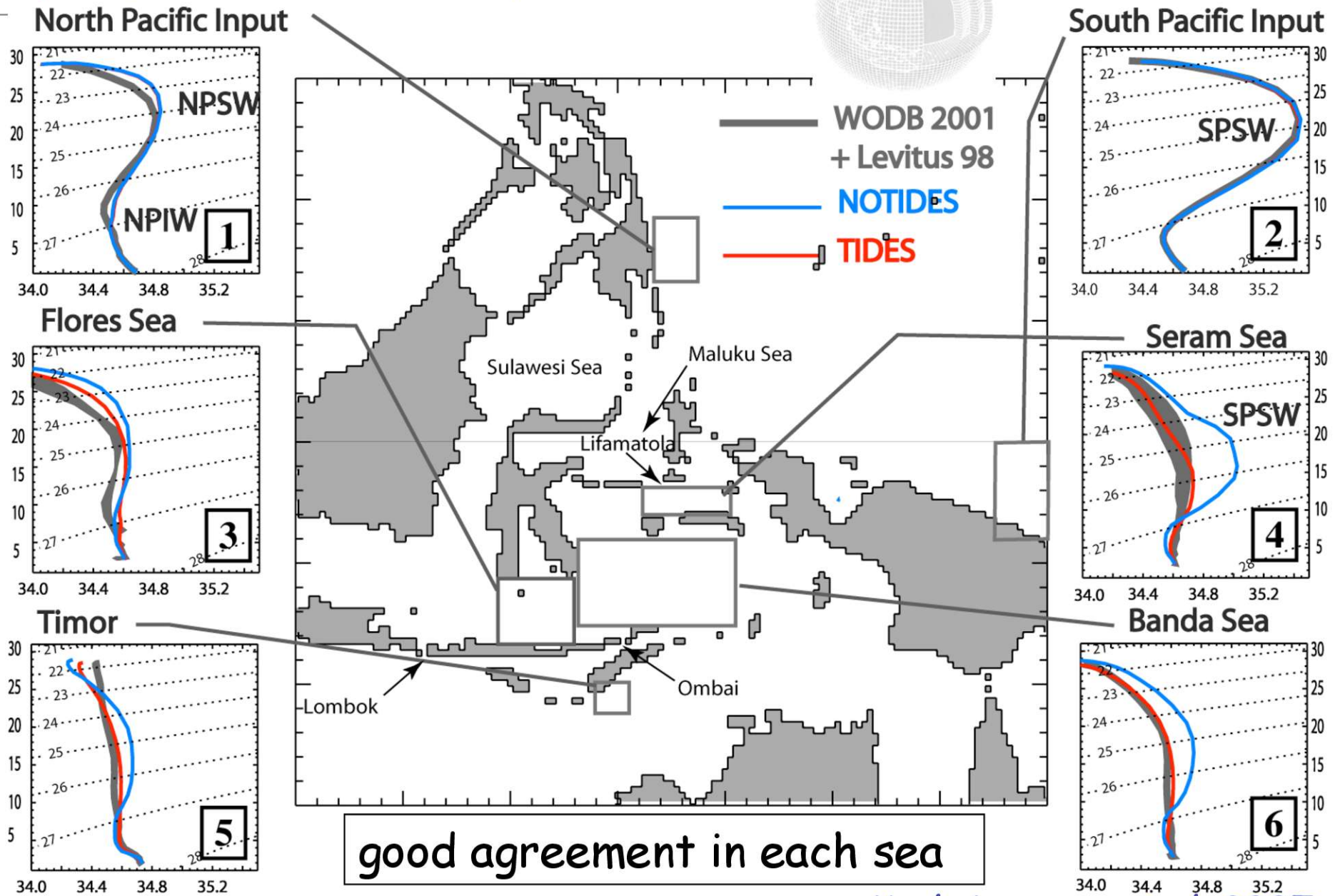
Kz very heterogeneous

Mean Kz of 1.5 cm²/s

very good agreement with independent estimates
inferred from observations 1-2 cm²/s

Koch-Larrouy et al. 2007

1) Improve the model : parameterization

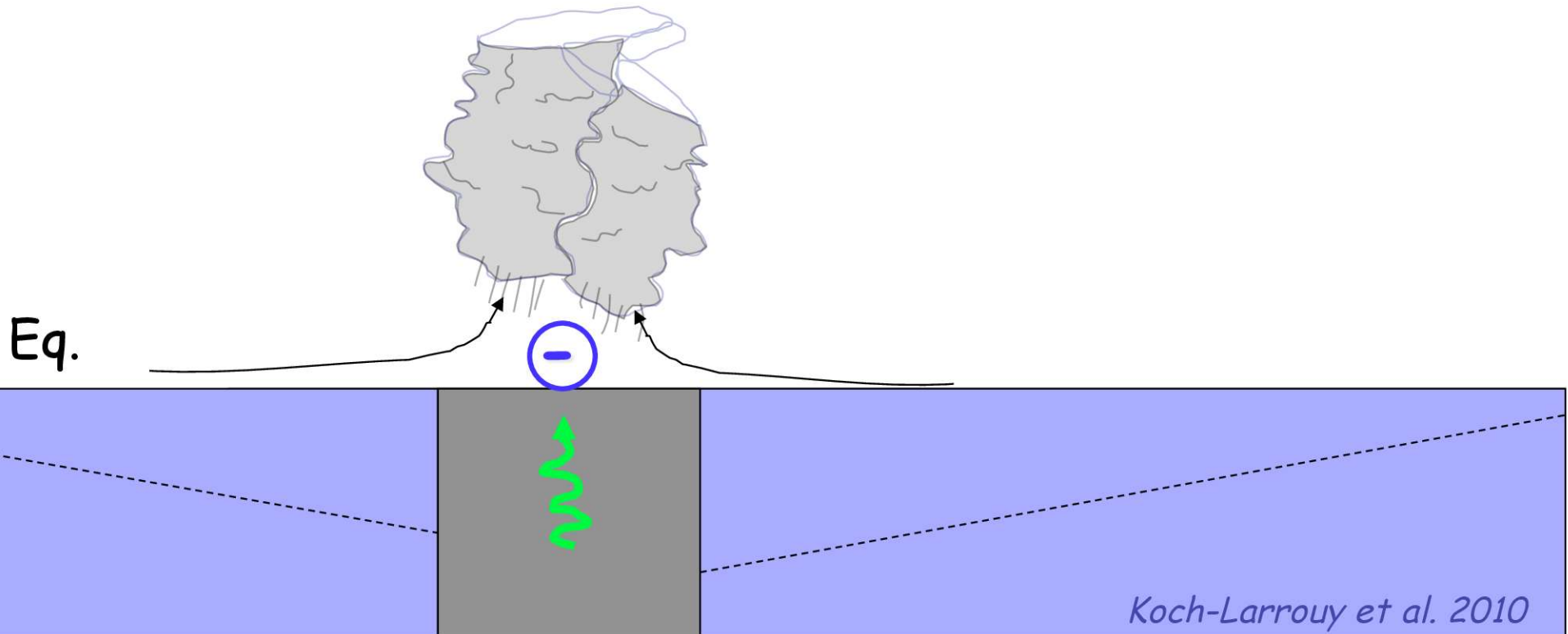
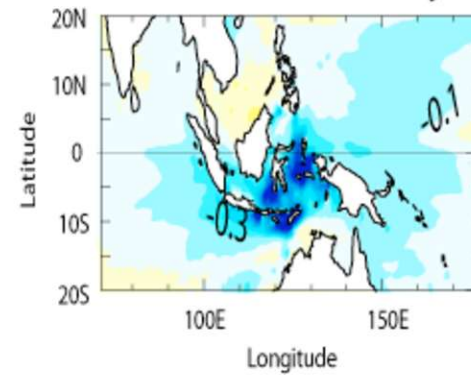


Koch-Larrouy et al. 2007

2) Impact on climate model ?

Coupled model :
with param
⇒ Reduce SST

b) SST anomaly



2) Impact on climate model ?

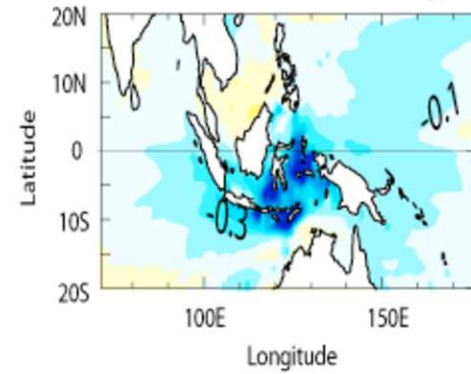
Coupled model :

with param

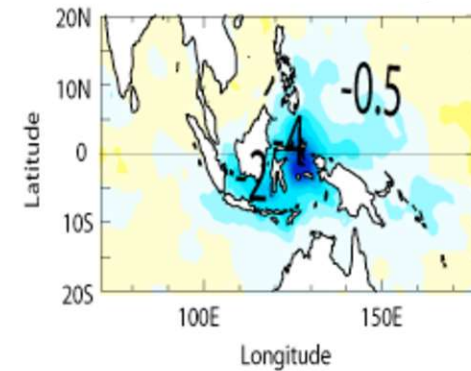
⇒ Reduce SST

⇒ Reduce precipitation

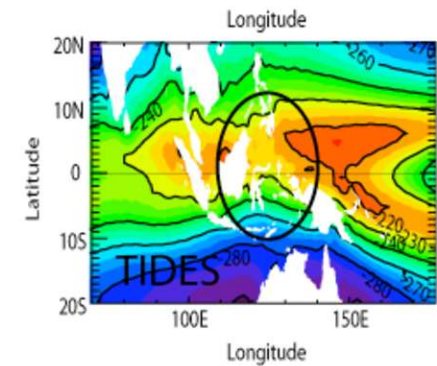
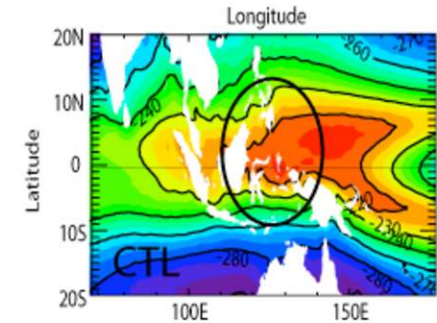
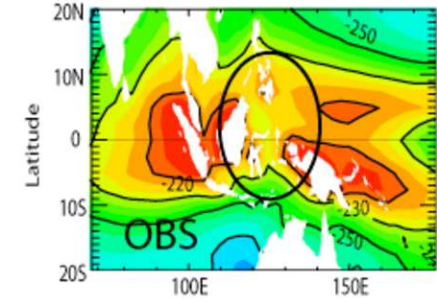
b) SST anomaly



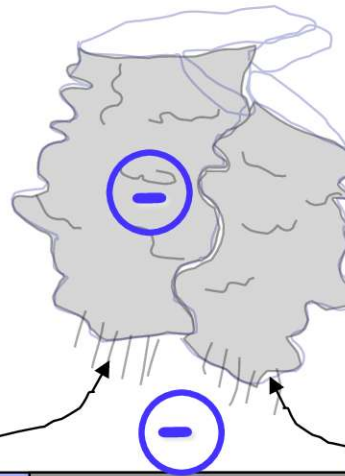
c) Rain anomaly



a) OLR



Eq.



Conclusions 1/3

- Unique region of the world = strong internal tides generation + semi enclosed seas.

- Specific parameterization energy constrained mean K_z in good agreement with observation independently + water masses in good agreement with observations.

=> give confidence in the simulated solution

Koch-Larrouy, et al. 2007 GRL

- Tidal mixing in the Indonesian seas reduces SST, local rain
In good agreement with observations

- Anomalies as strong as closing the ITF !!!

- Impact on INTERANNUAL and INTRASEASONAL variability of the climate system in good agreement observation

Koch-Larrouy, et al. 2010, Climate Dyn.

Sprintall, Gordon, Koch-Larrouy et al. 2014, Nature Geo.

BUT STRONG HYPOTHESIS !

MIXING maximum in the thermocline and reach the surface

All energy dissipated locally

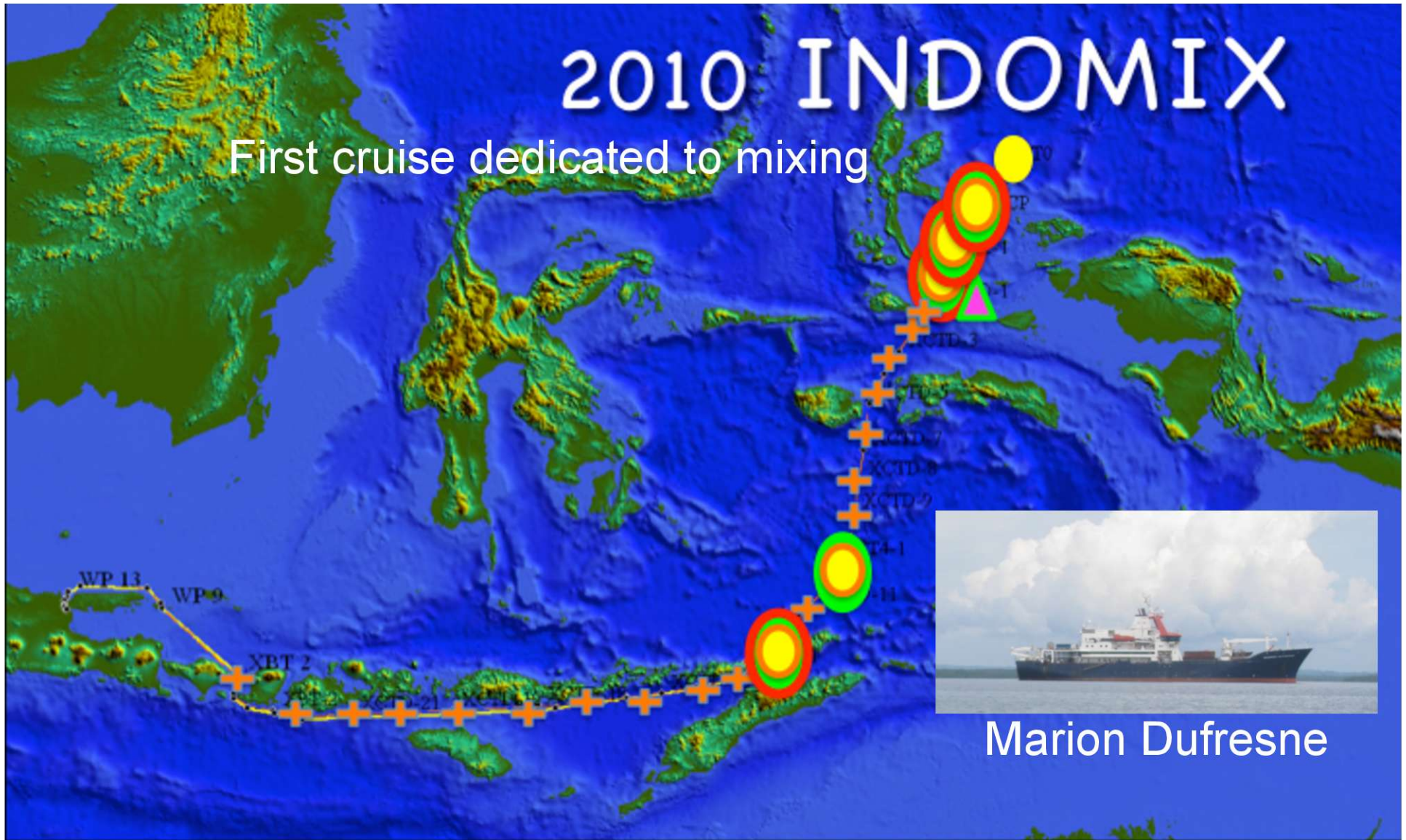


Internal tides mixing in the Indonesian seas

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2010 INDOMIX

First cruise dedicated to mixing



Marion Dufresne

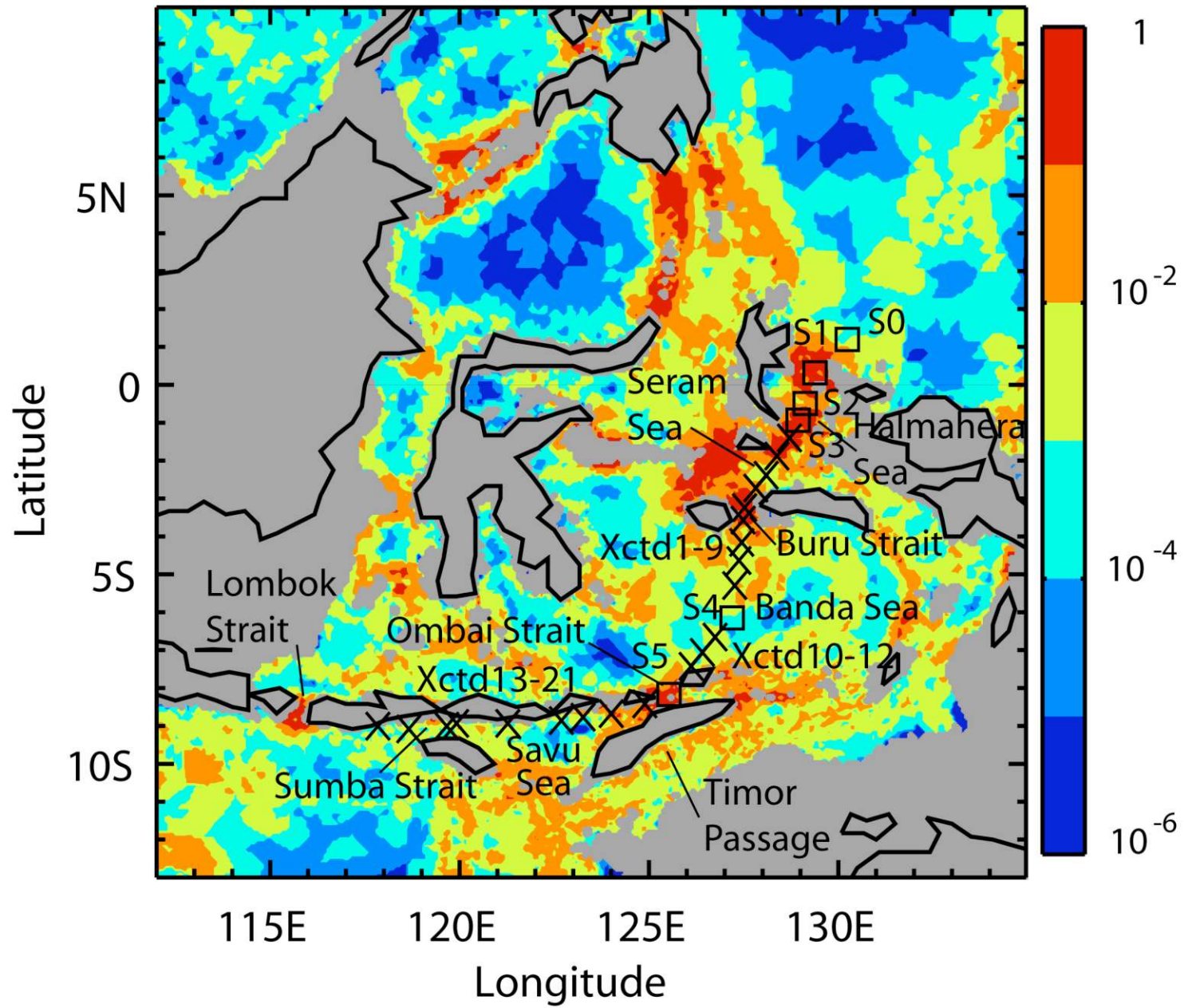
CTD profile with Ra/Ac sampling
CTD profile with Nd sampling
CTD profile and VMP profile

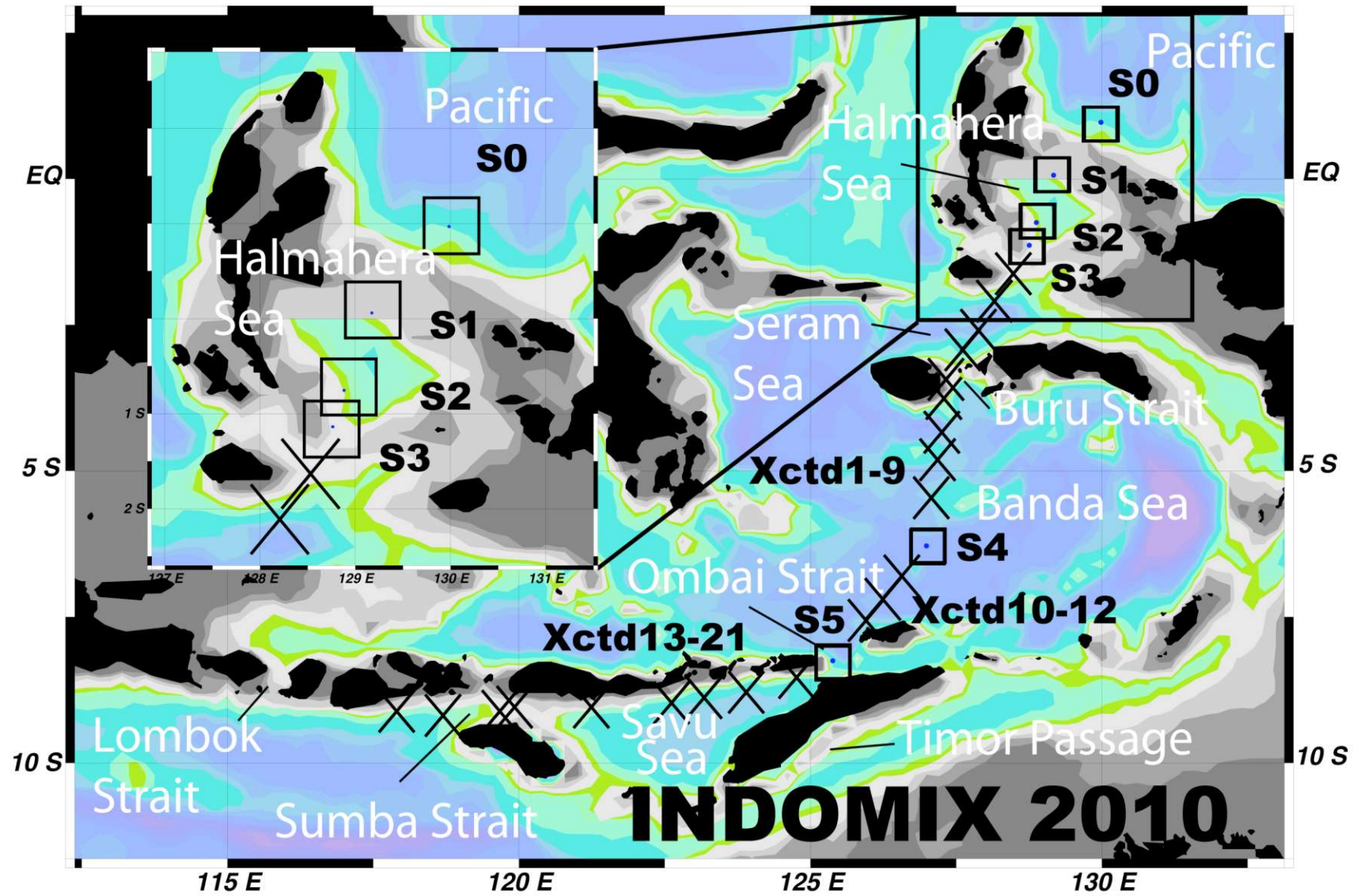


24h Station :
7 to 9 VMP profiles alternated with
7 to 9 CTD profiles (sampling O₂, S, Ni, Ph)

+ XCTD

△ ADCP Mooring





repeated profiles during 24h to catch the diurnal tidal cycle

Microstructure
measurements
VMP/CTD
Turbulence + TS profiles

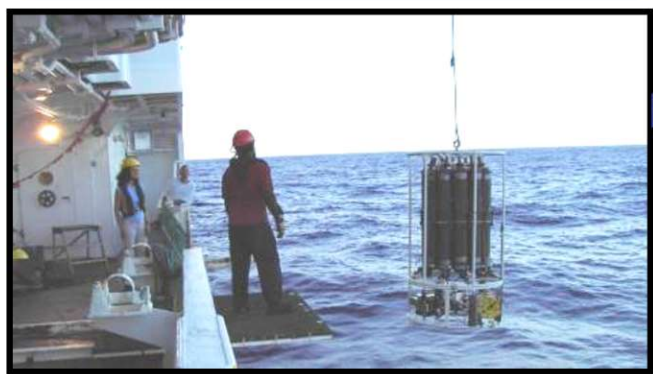


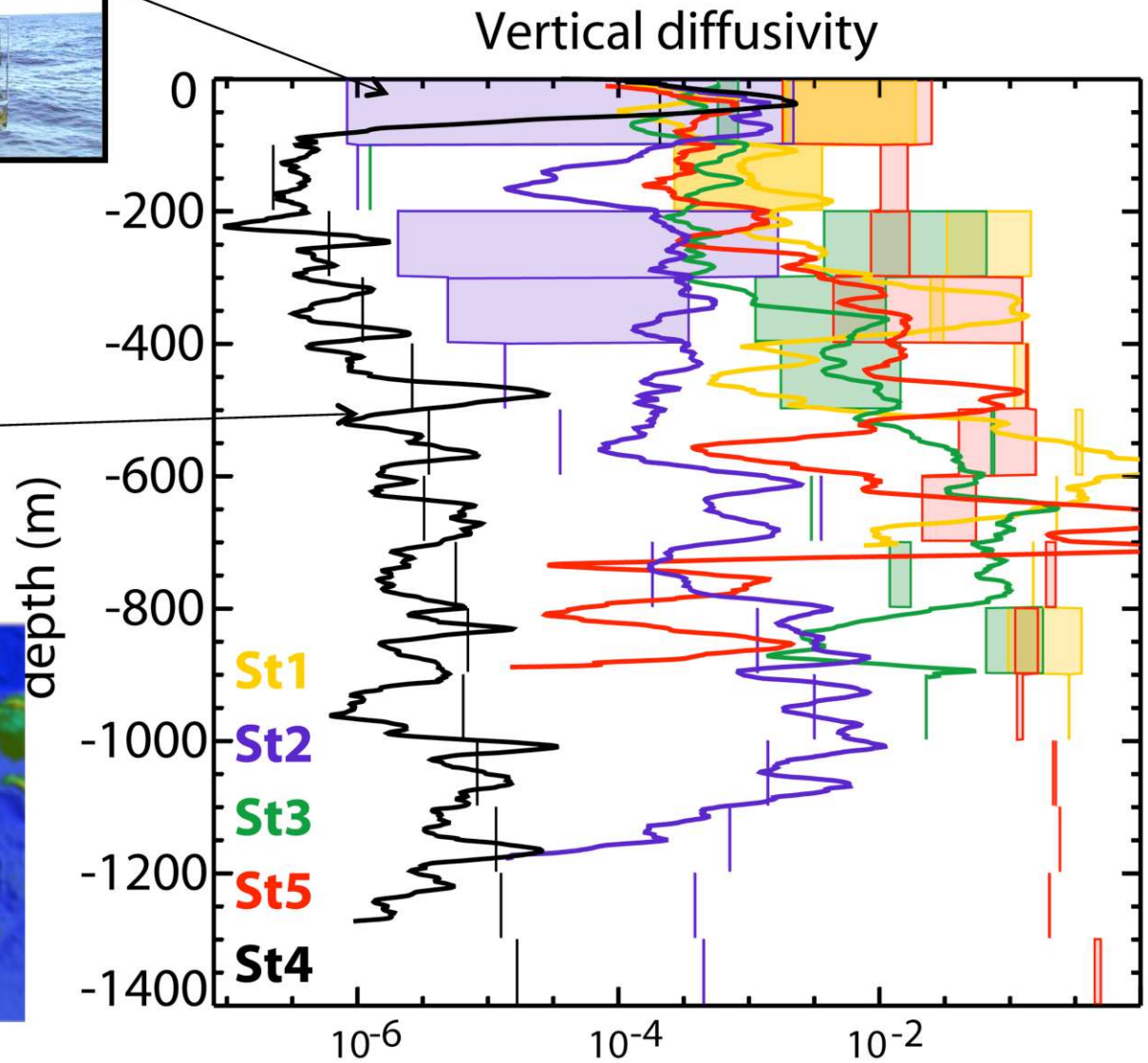
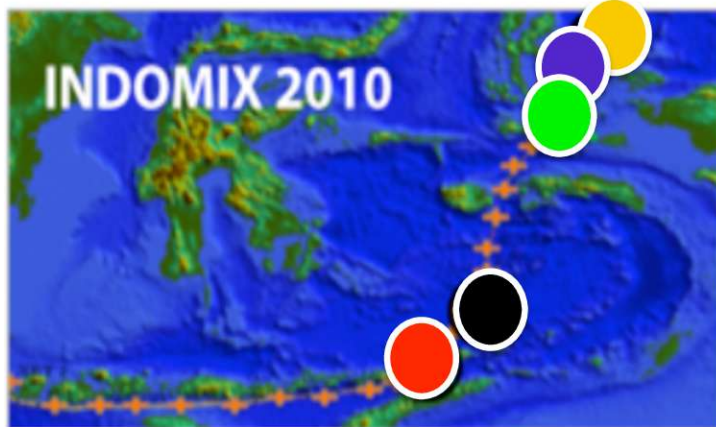
DIRECT

CTD/LADCP
Currents + TS profiles

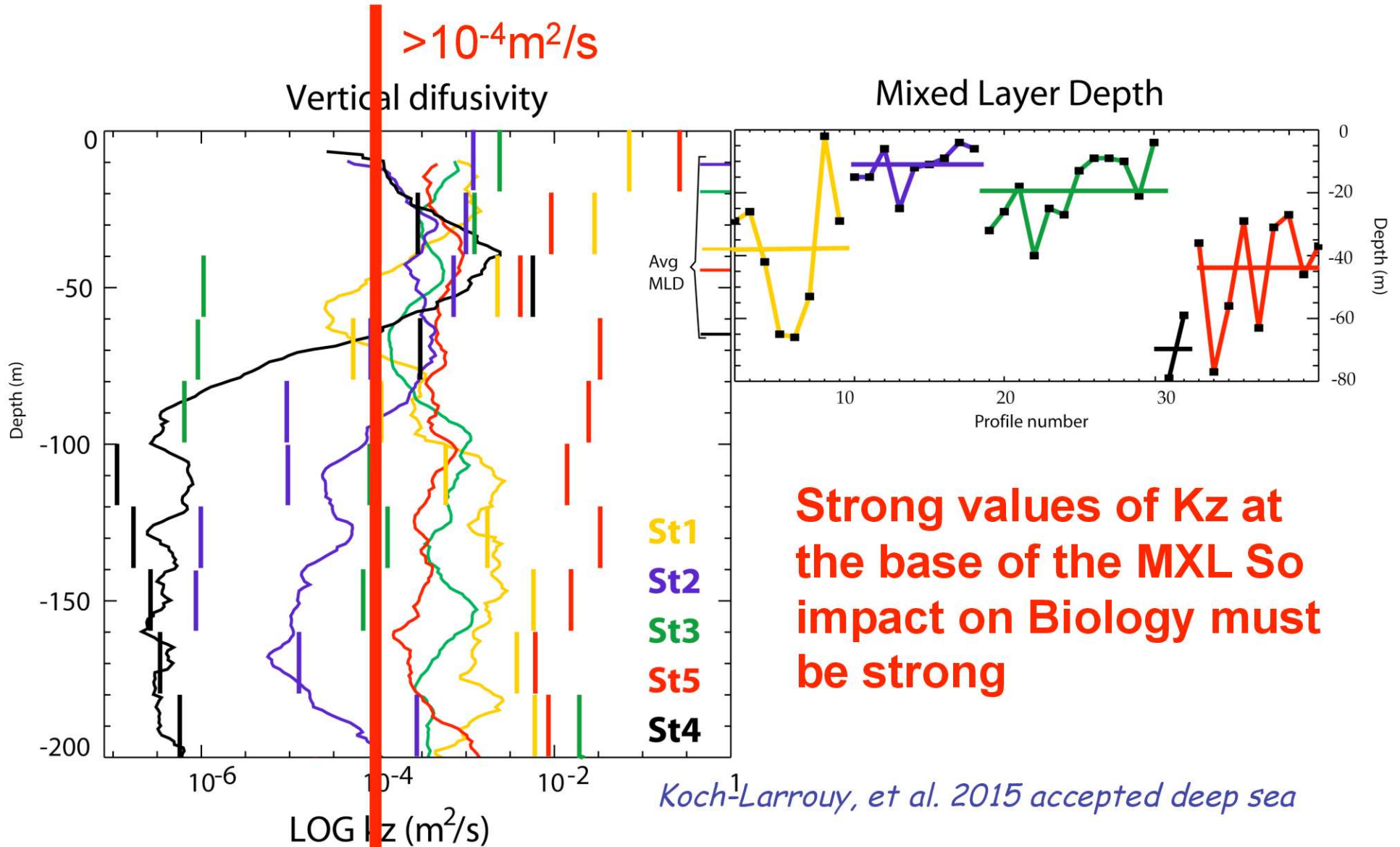
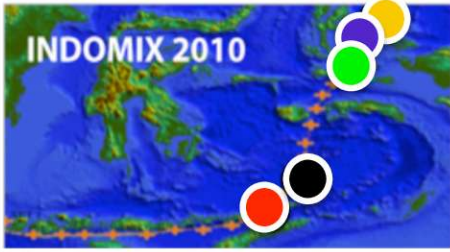


INDIRECT





Large uncertainties with CTD, needs VMP k_z (m²/s)
Strong and Heterogeneous vertical mixing



Koch-Larrouy, et al. 2015 accepted deep sea

Conclusions 2/3

- Unique region of the world = strong internal tides generation + semi enclosed seas.
- Specific parameterization energy constrained
Koch-Larrouy, et al. 2007 GRL
- Tidal mixing in the Indonesian seas reduces SST, local rain
In good agreement with observations
- Anomalies as strong as closing the ITF !!!
- Impact on INTERANNUAL and INTRASEASONAL variability of the climate system in good agreement observation
Koch-Larrouy, et al. 2010, Climate Dyn.
Sprintall, Gordon, Koch-Larrouy et al. 2014, Nature Geo.
- Need for measurements !!!!
=> **INDOMIX 2010**

Large uncertainties with CTD, needs VMP

Strong and Heterogeneous vertical mixing,

Show large values even in the thermocline and the surface

Koch-Larrouy, et al. 2015, Deep Sea part II

So impact on Biology must be strong

=> INDESOMix 2016/2017/2018



Internal tides mixing in the Indonesian seas

- 1) Improve the model by taking into account the unresolved internal tides
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- 4) Explicit tides in an *OGCM*

4) INDES0 : NEMO explicit tidal forcing at $1/12^\circ$ (10km)

How do we resolve internal tides ?

Partly

I. Generation

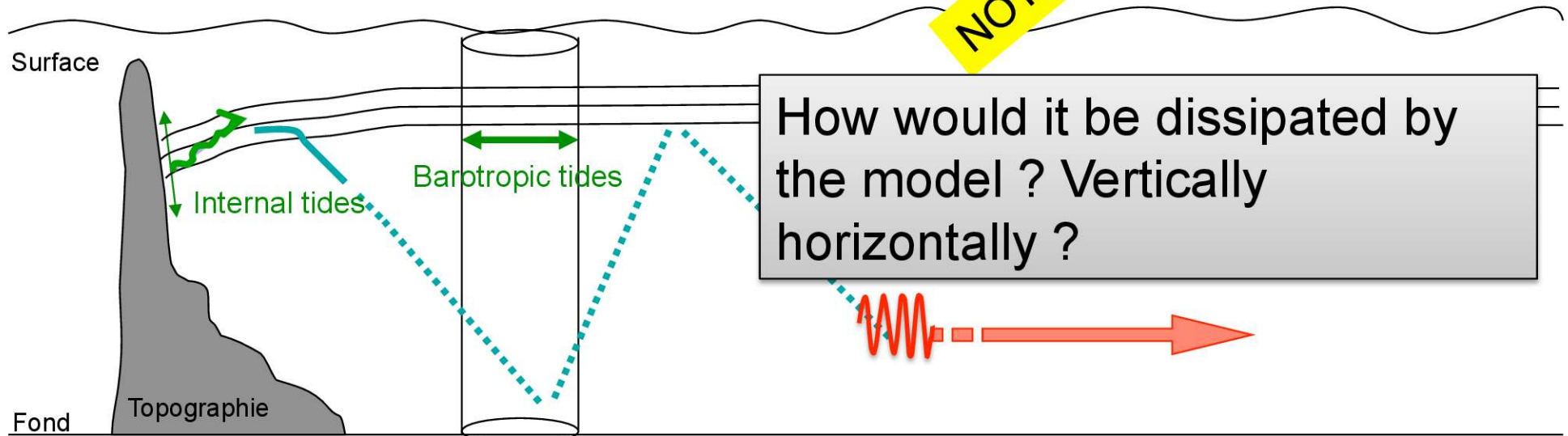
Partly

II. Propagation

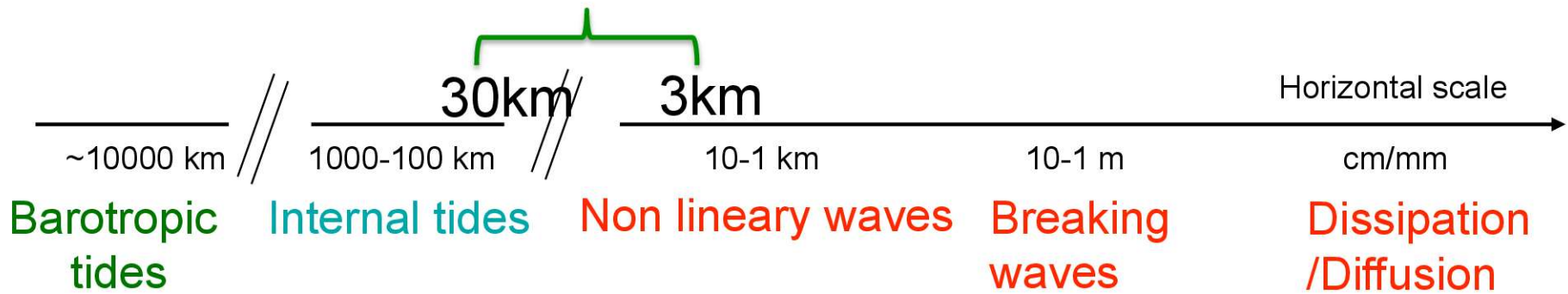
III. Breaking

IV. Dissipation

NOT RESOLVED



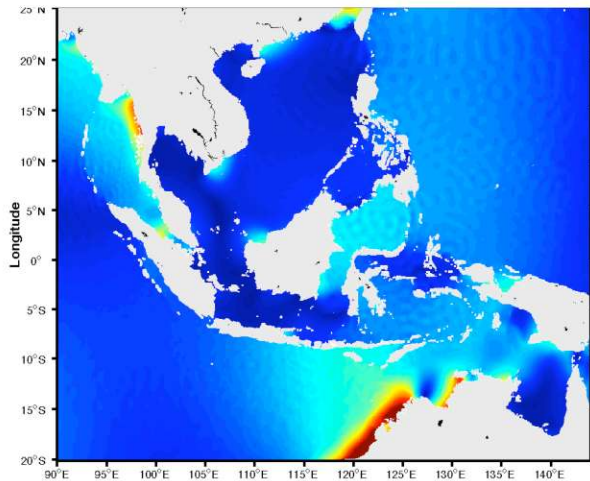
OGCM



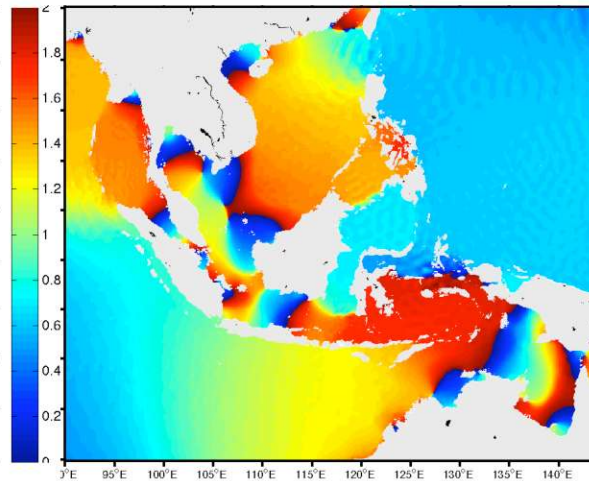
4) INDESO : NEMO explicit tidal forcing



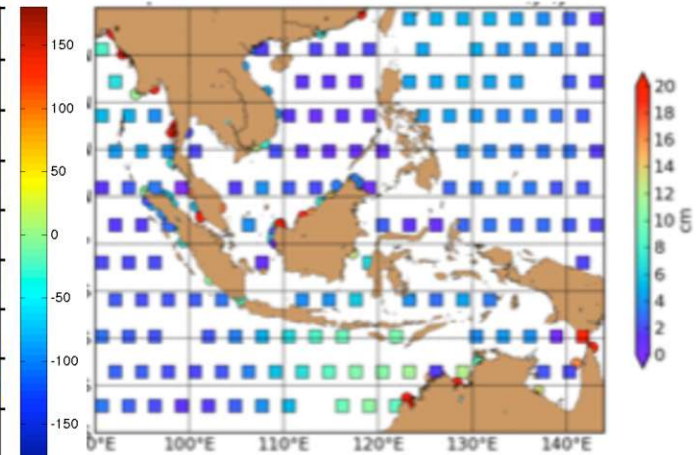
M2 Amplitude (m)



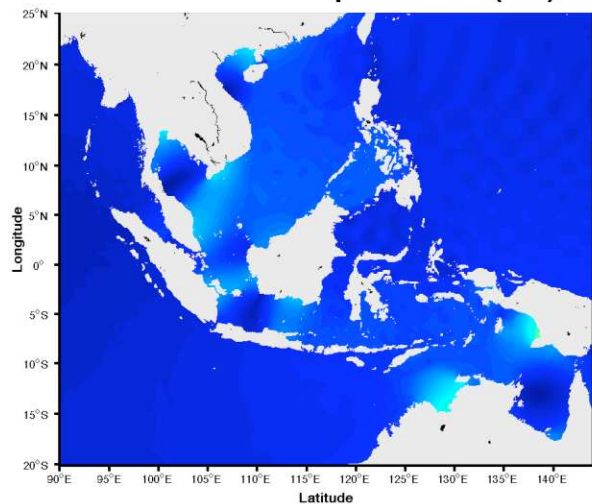
M2 Phase (deg)



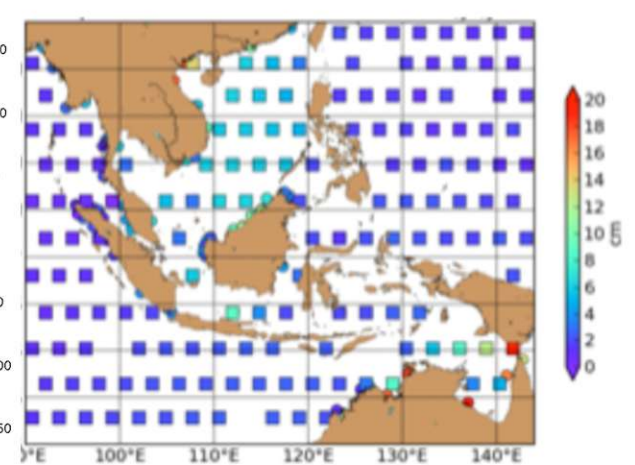
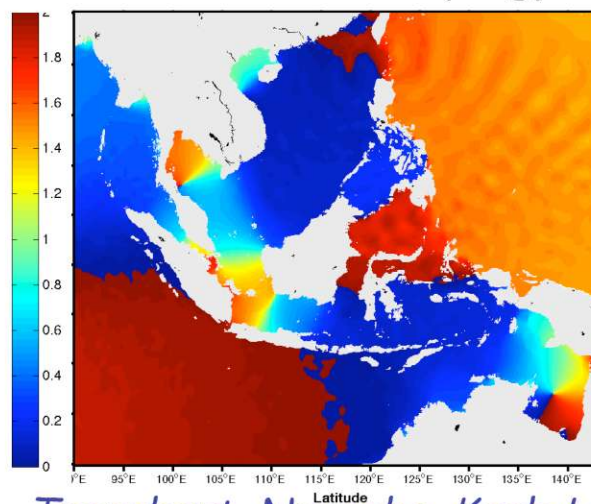
INDO2012 - TPX/J1/J2



K1 Amplitude (m)



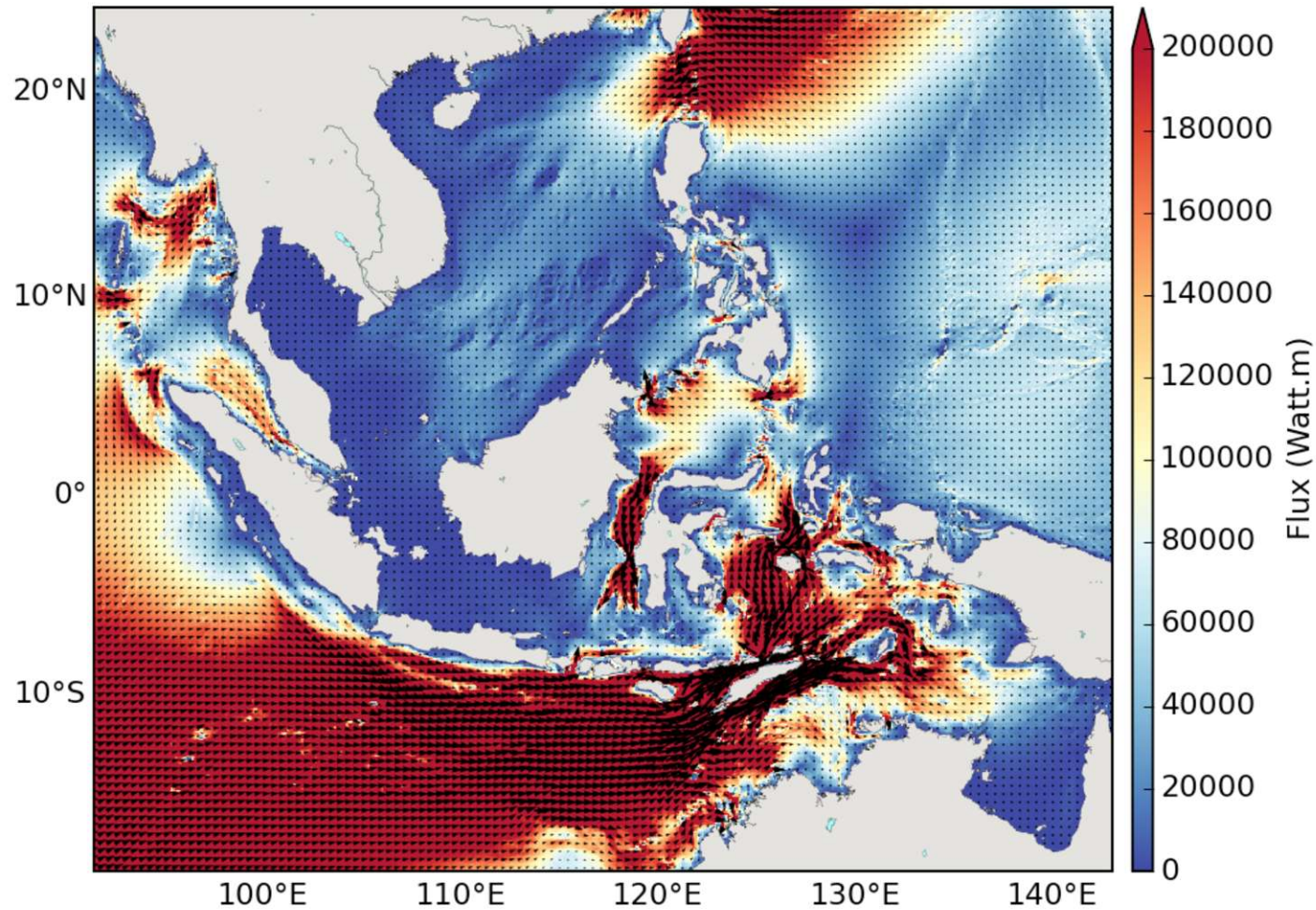
K1 Phase (deg)



Tranchant, Nugroho, Koch-Larrouy, et al. 2015 to be submitted

4) INDES0 : NEMO explicit tidal forcing

F : barotropic flux M2 (W/m)

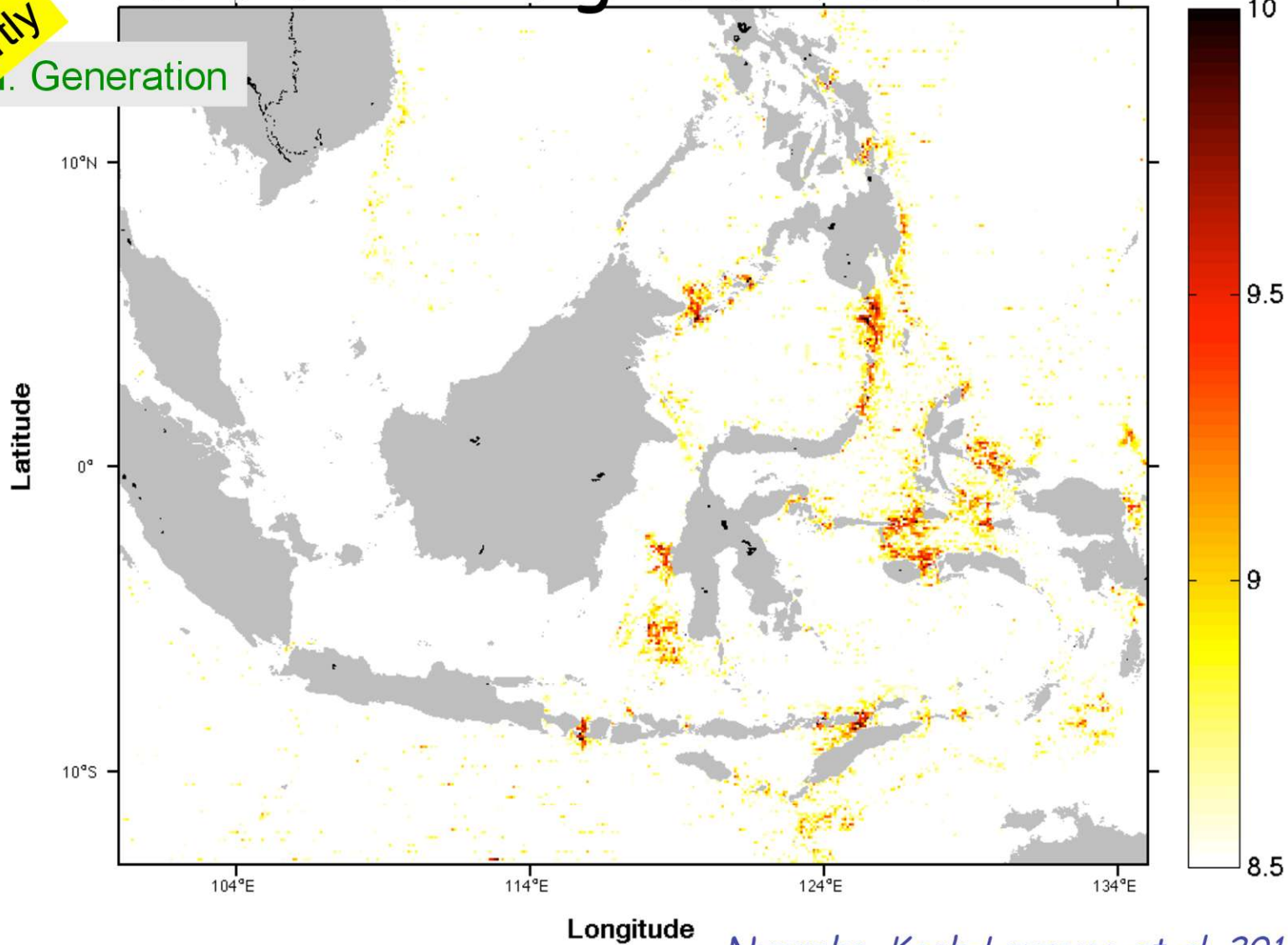


4) INDES0 : NEMO explicit tidal forcing



Internal tides generation

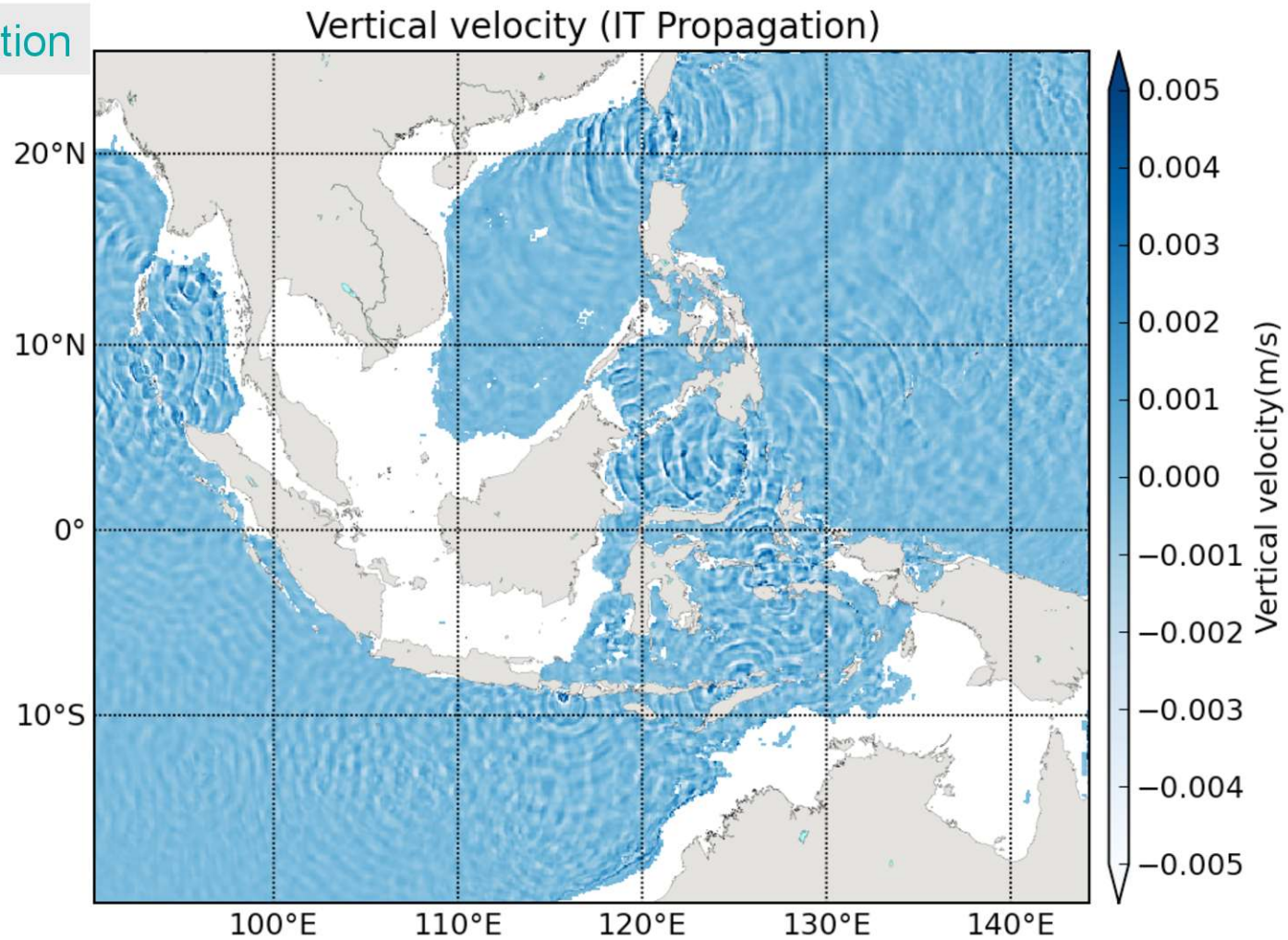
Partly
i. Generation



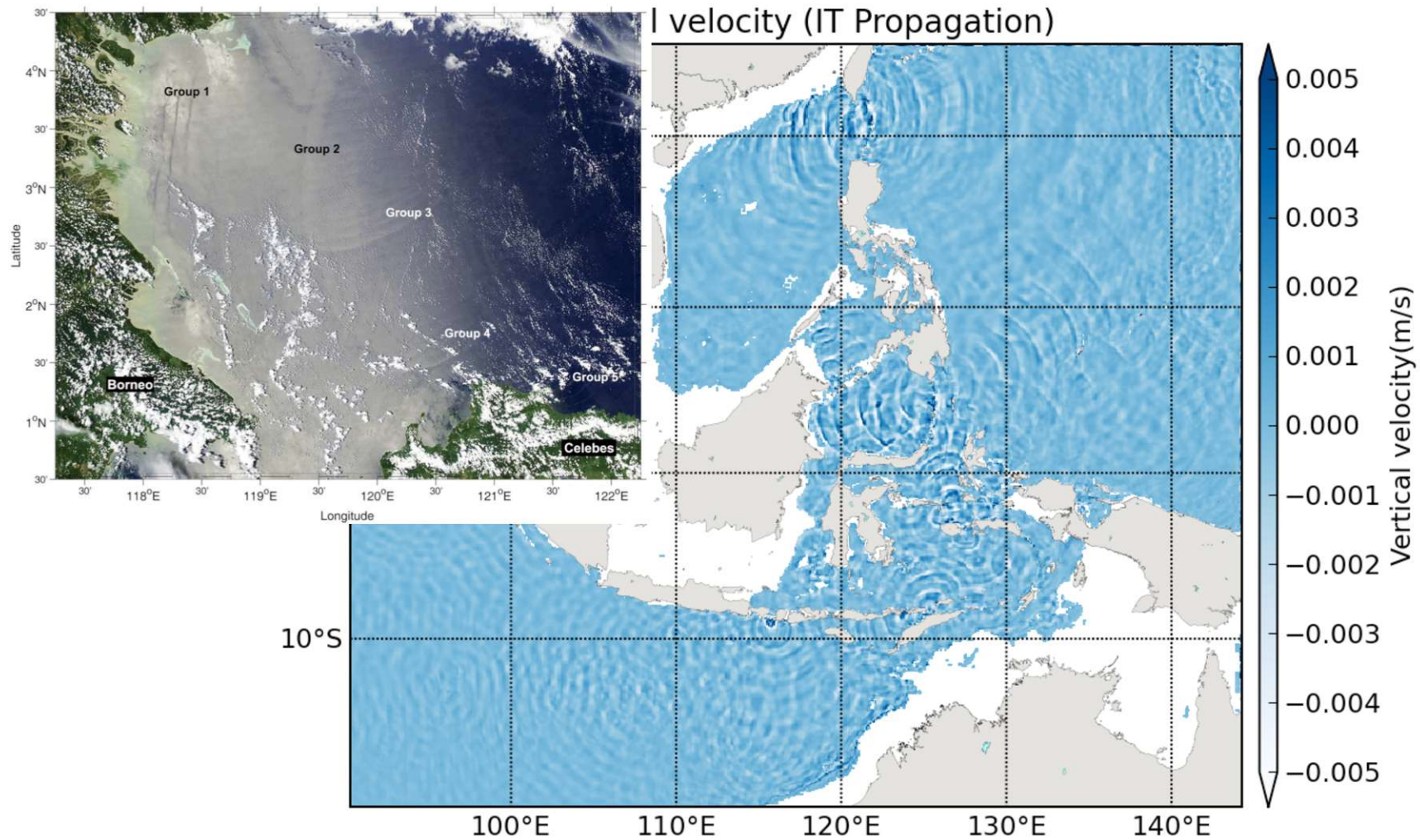
Nugroho, Koch-Larrouy, et al. 2015 in prep

4) INDES0 : NEMO explicit tidal forcing

II. Propagation



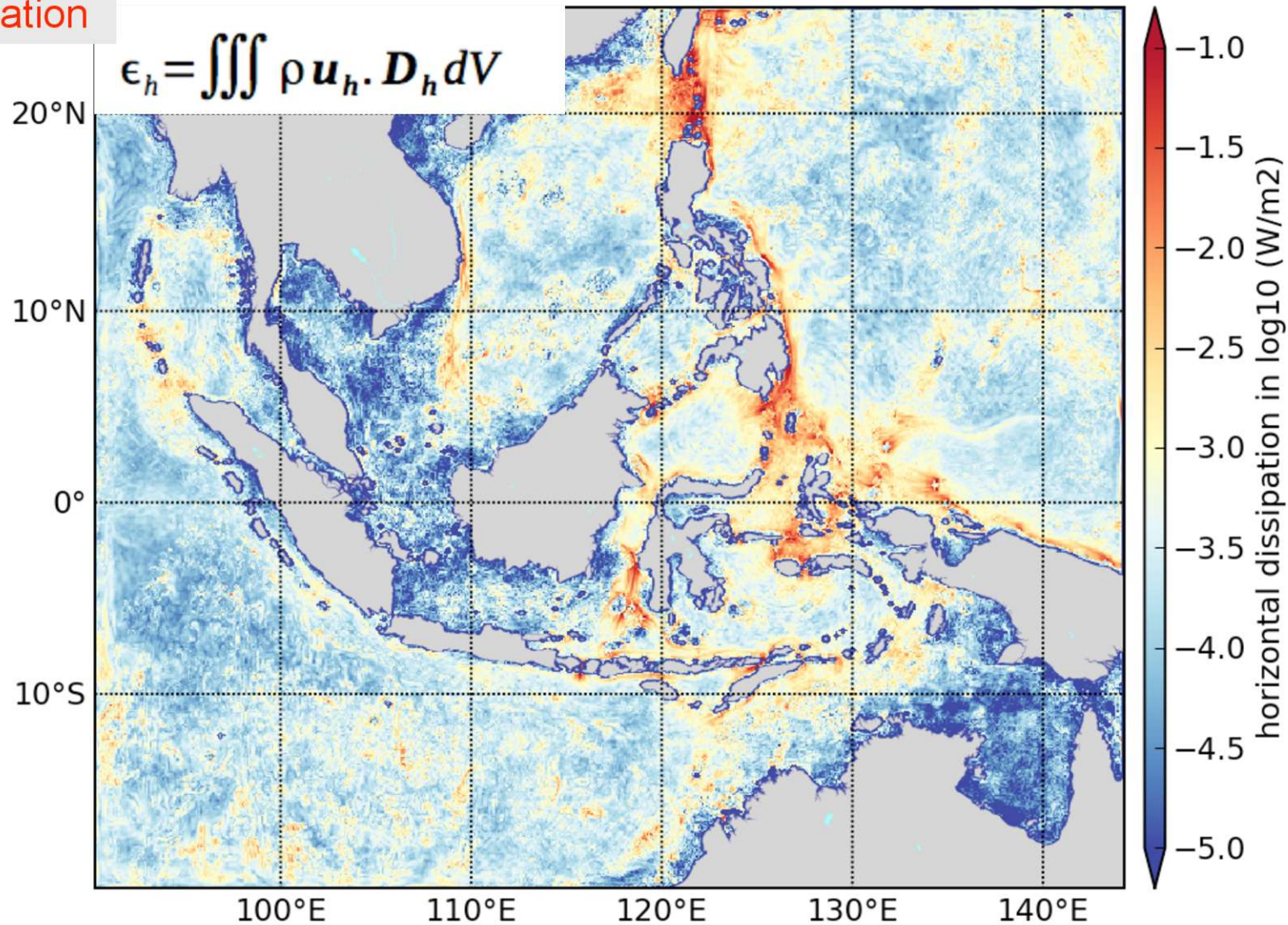
4) INDES0 : NEMO explicit tidal forcing



4) INDESO : NEMO explicit tidal forcing

Horizontal Internal Tides dissipation@depth integrated

III. dissipation

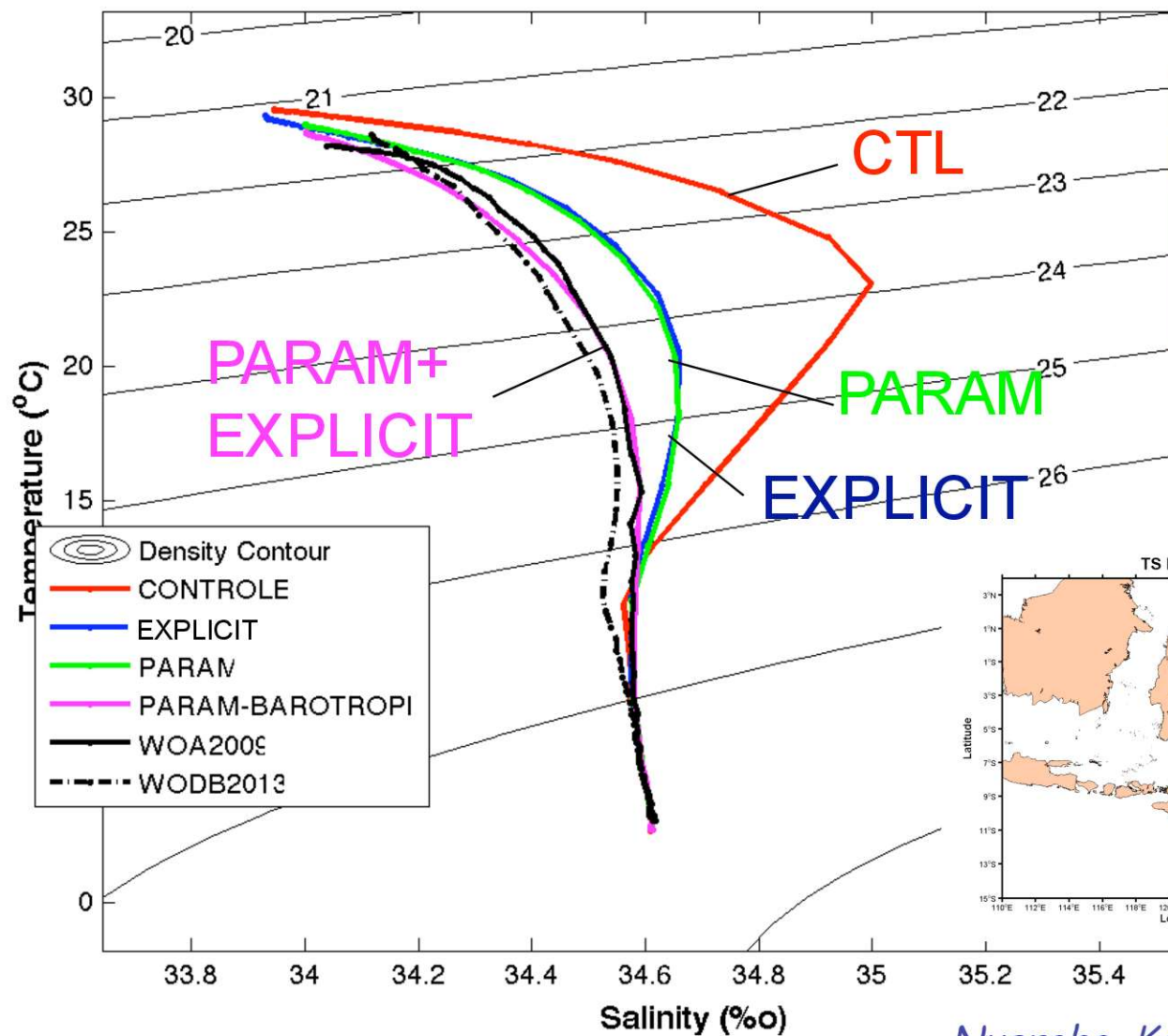


Nugroho, Koch-Larrouy, et al. 2015 in prep

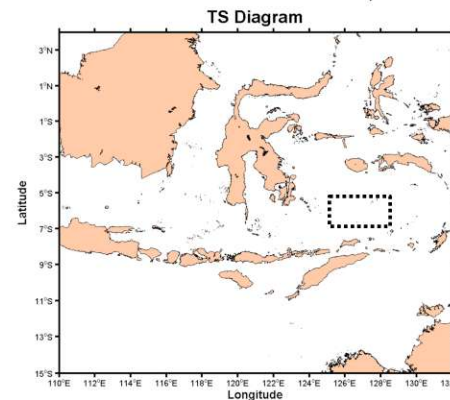
4) INDESO : NEMO explicit tidal forcing



TS Diagram Banda Sea



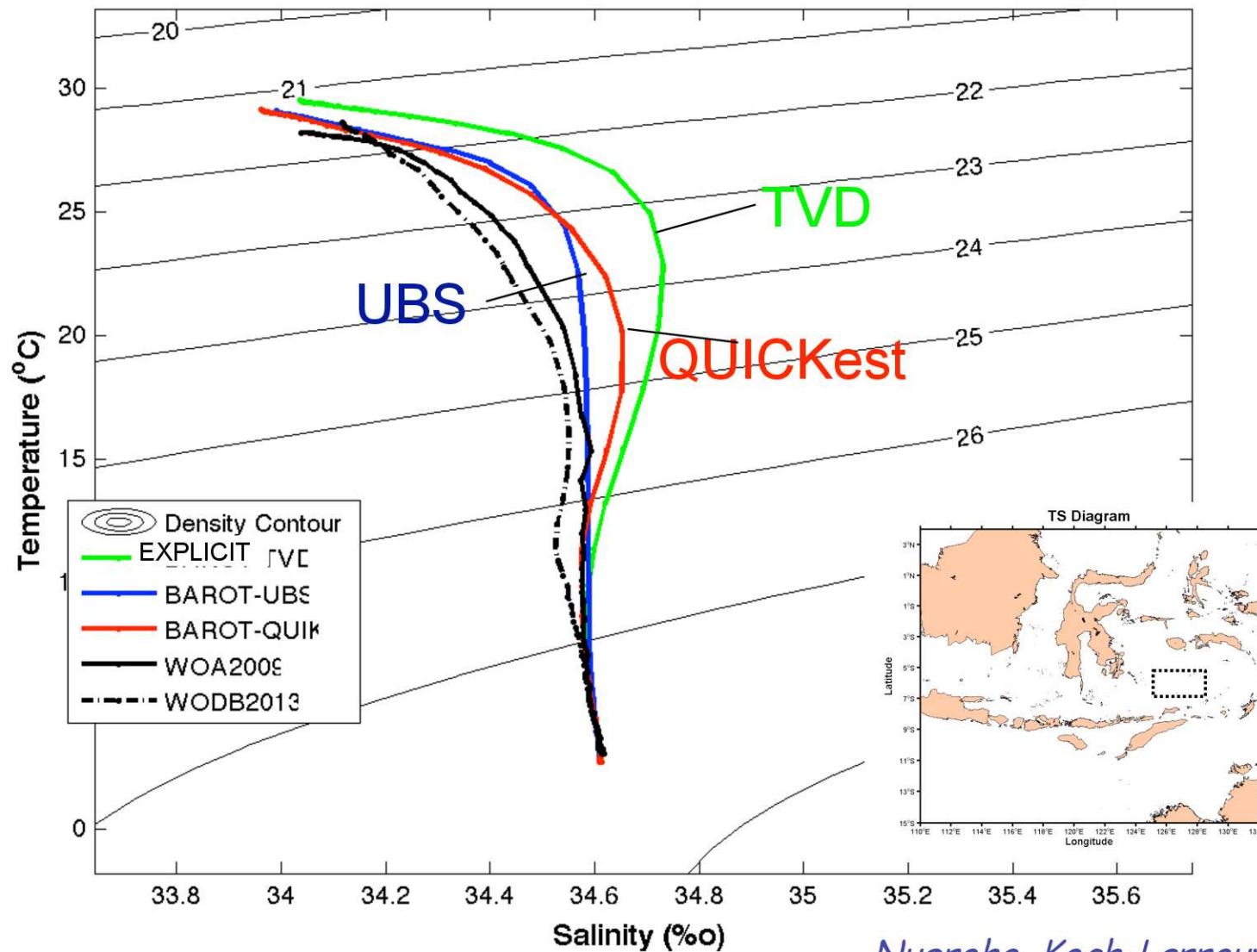
	PARAM	EXPLICIT Tides
CONTROL		
EXPLICIT		X
PARAM	X	
PARAM-EXPLICIT	X	X



4) INDES0 : NEMO explicit tidal forcing



TS Diagram Banda Sea



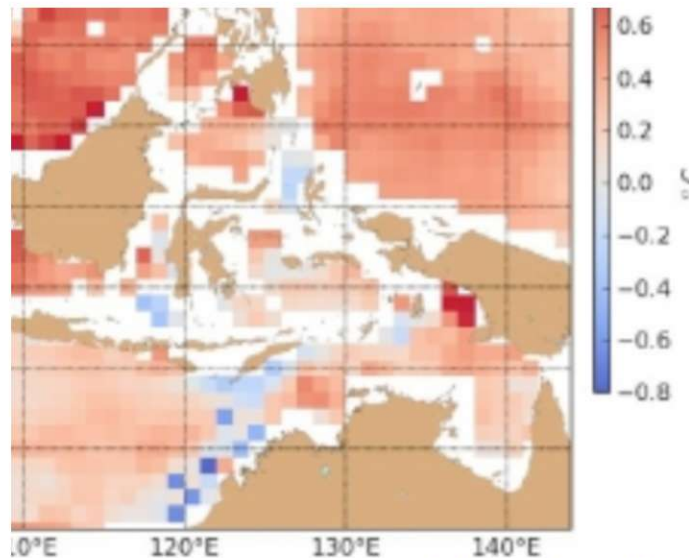
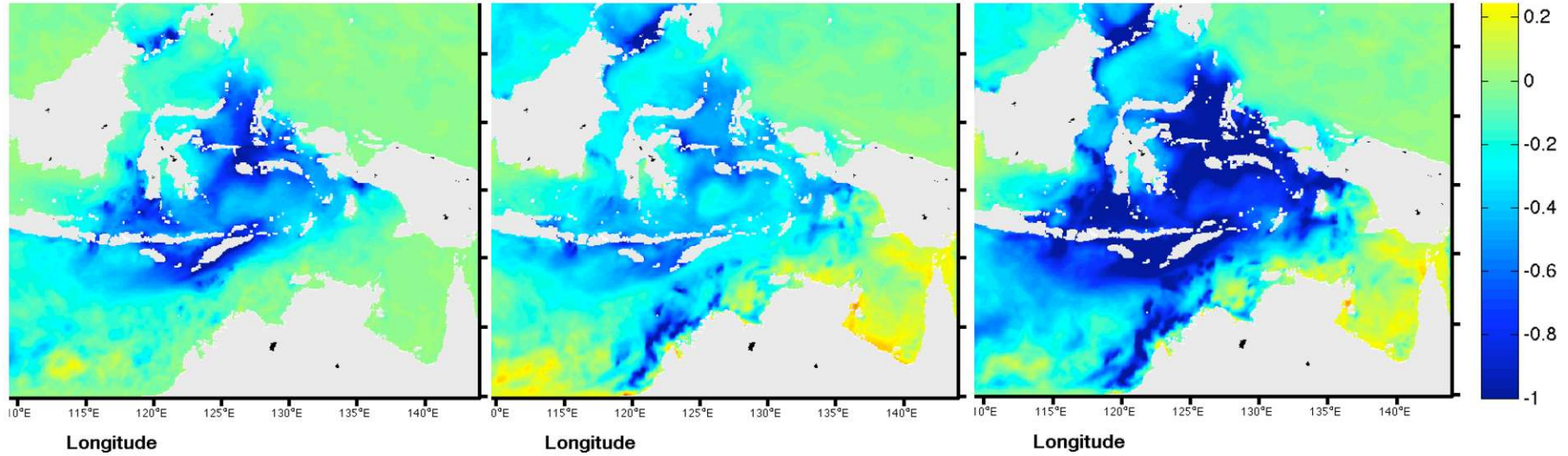
4) INDES0 : NEMO explicite tidal forcing



Param-CTRL

Explicit-CTRL

PARAM&Explicit-CTRL



Bias compare to
AMSR-E

4) INDES0 : NEMO explicit tidal forcing

How do we resolve internal tides ?

Partly

I. Generation

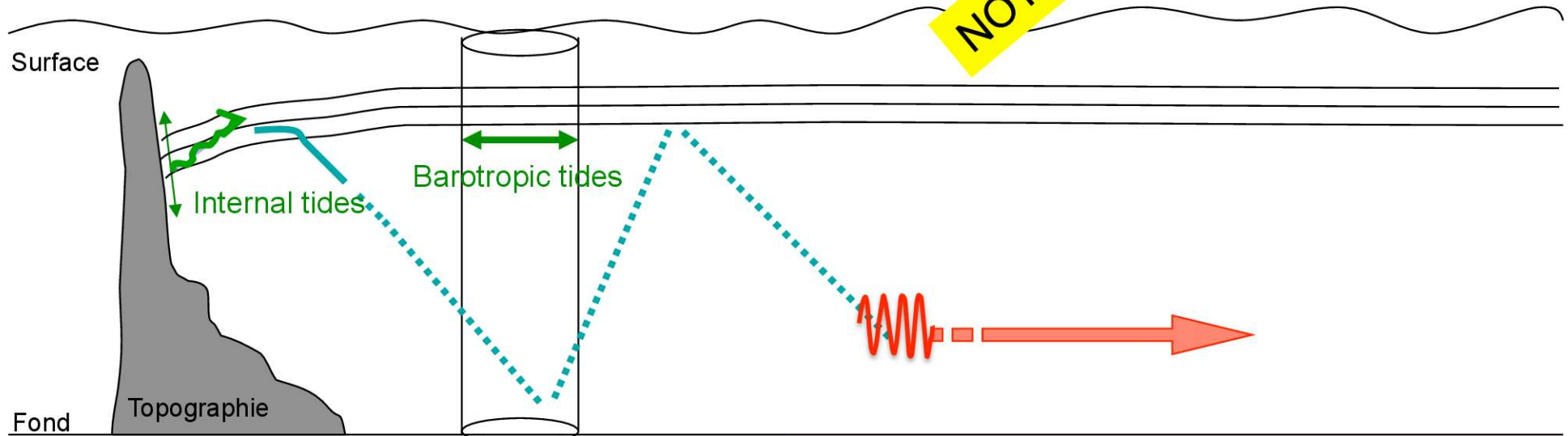
Partly

II. Propagation

III. Breaking

IV. Dissipation

NOT RESOLVED



**Is diffused
By horizontal advection diffusion**

OGCM



Conclusions 3/3

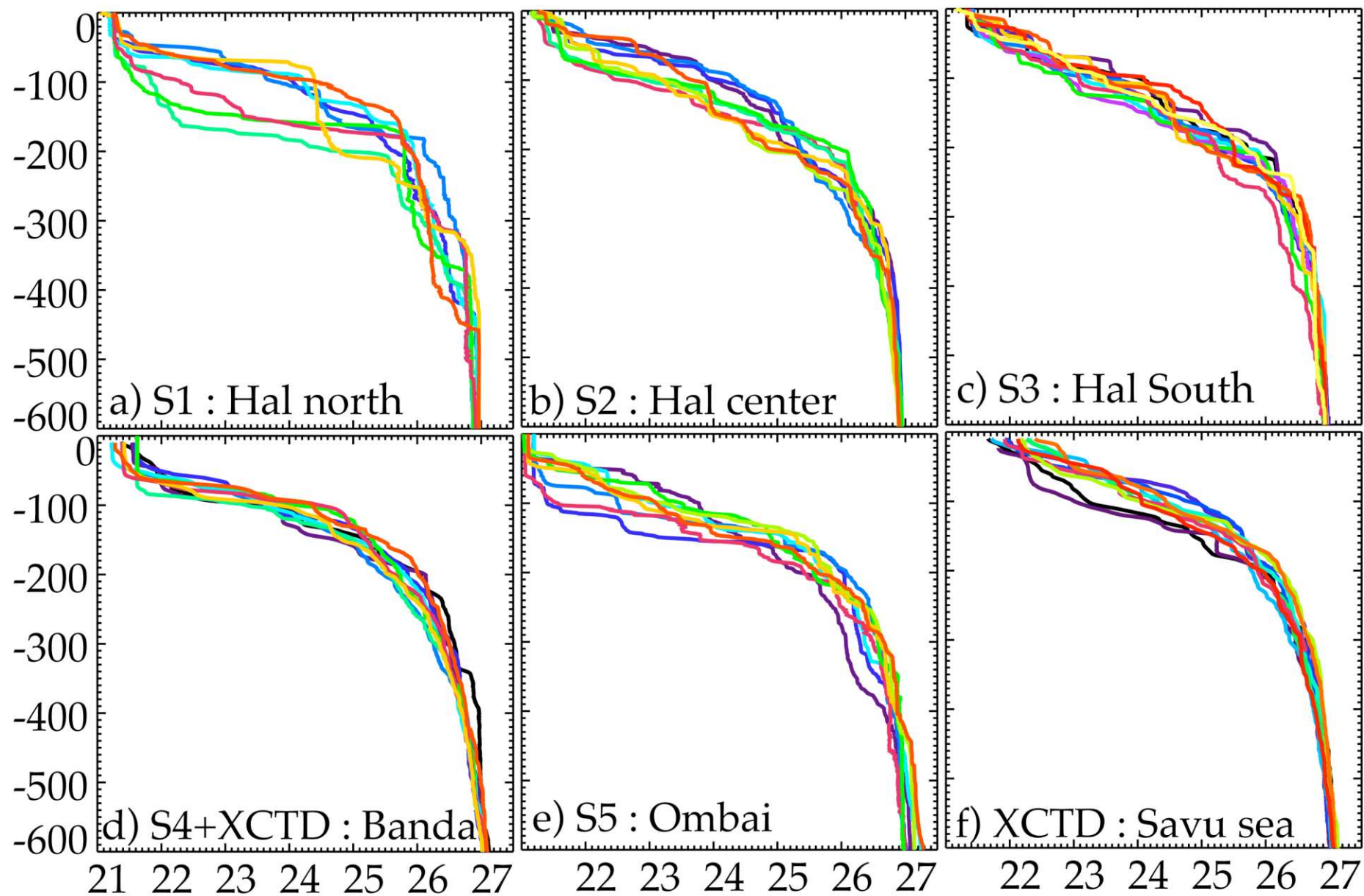
- Specific parameterization energy constrained
BUT energy dissipated locally
Koch-Larrouy, et al. 2007 GRL
- Tidal mixing in the Indonesian seas reduces SST, local rain, ENSO
In good agreement with observations
Koch-Larrouy, et al. 2010, Climate Dyn.
Sprintall, Gordon, Koch-Larrouy et al. 2014, Nature Geo.
- Need for measurements => **INDOMIX 2010**
Strong and Heterogeneous vertical mixing, large values even in the
thermocline and the surface *Koch-Larrouy, et al. 2015, Deep Sea part II*
So impact on Biology must be strong => **INDESOMix 2016/2017/2018**
- Explicit tides in an OGCM
 - Produce large mixing as high as param but further away from generation sites
 - Very sensitive to advection schemes
 - Internal tides are dissipated by numerical horizontal (!) dissipation of the advection scheme**=> Need for param to dissipate internal tides vertically in OGCM**

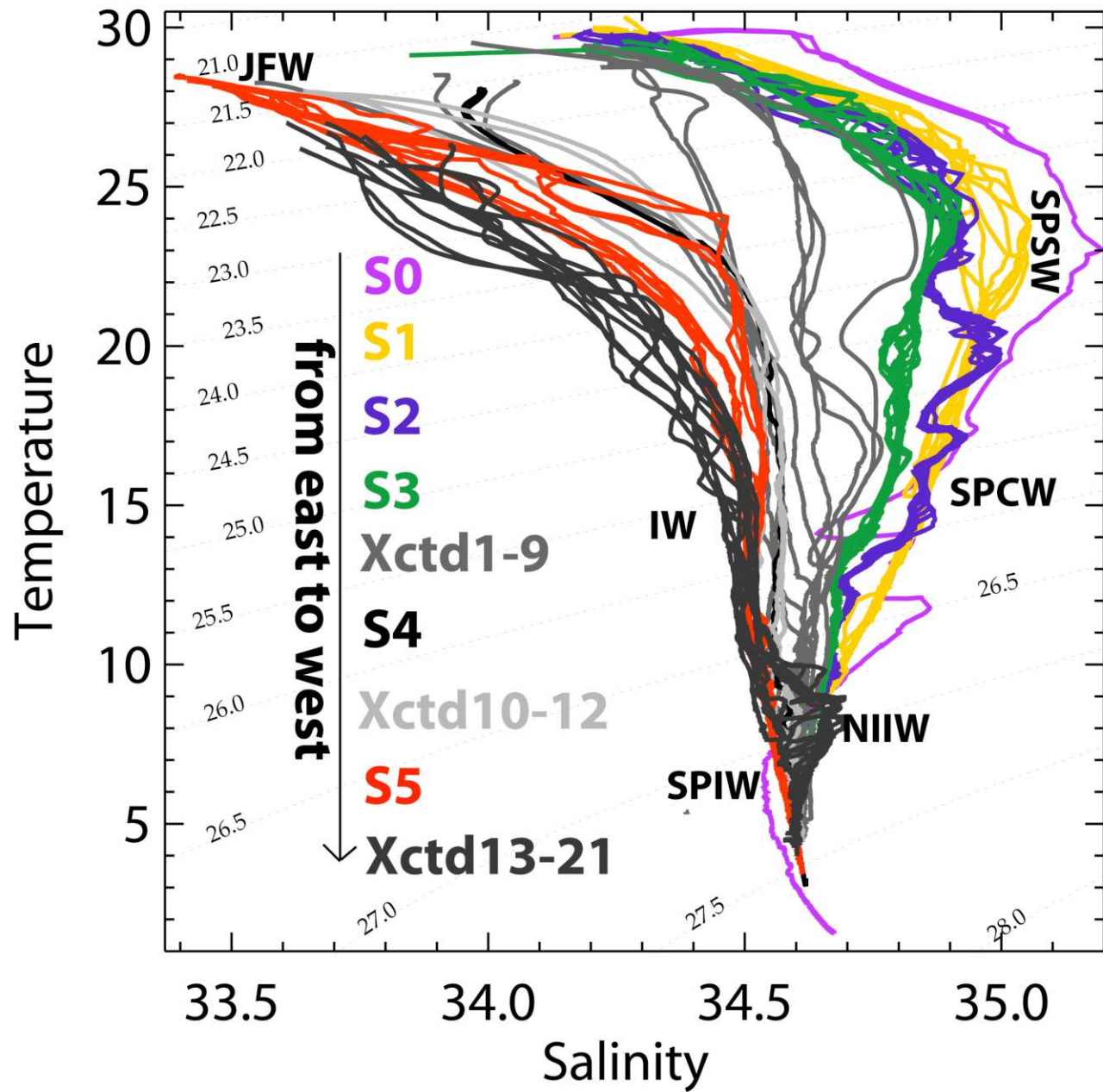


Thanks !



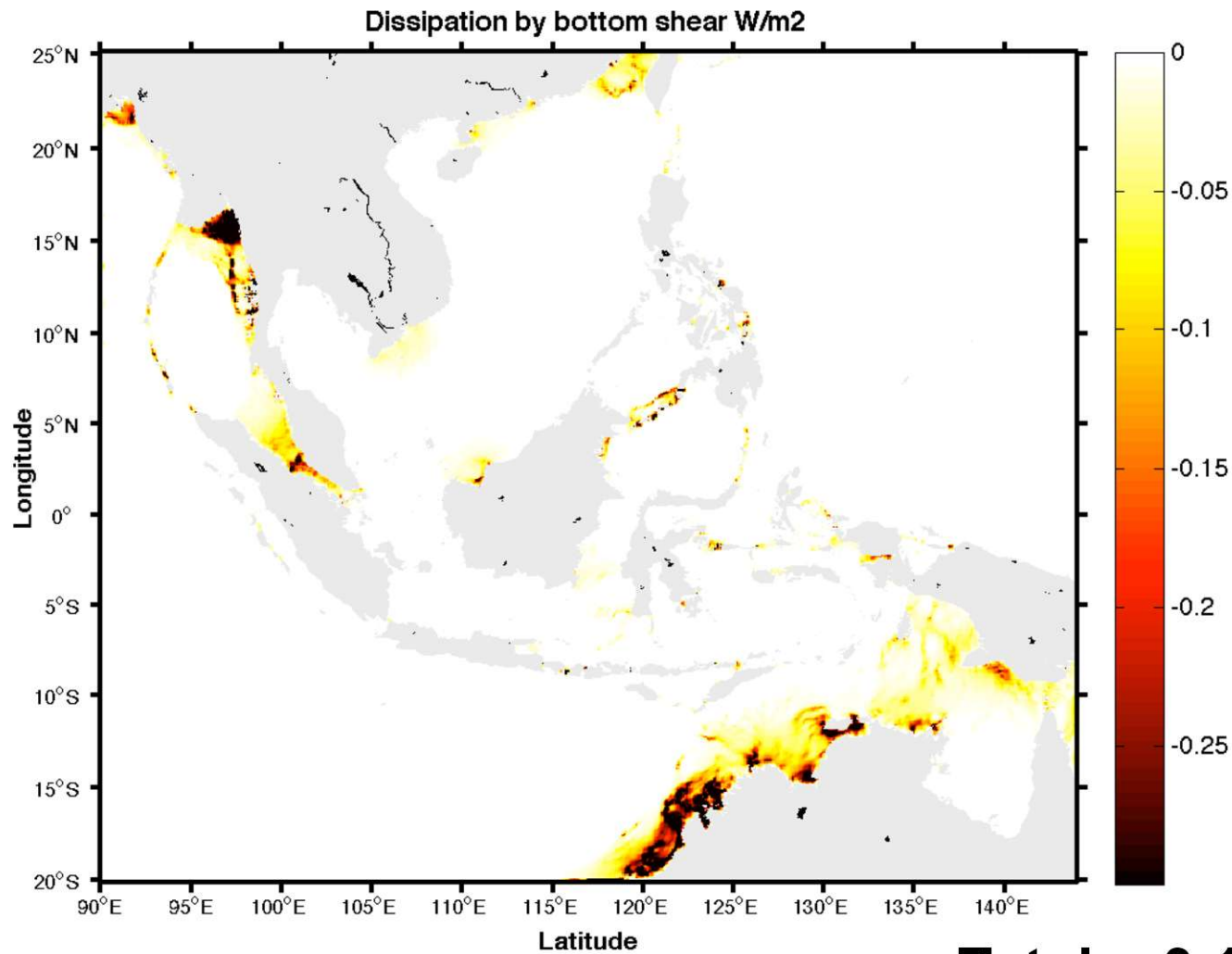
INDOMIX Jul 2010





D1 : rate of dissipation by bottom friction Dissipation M2

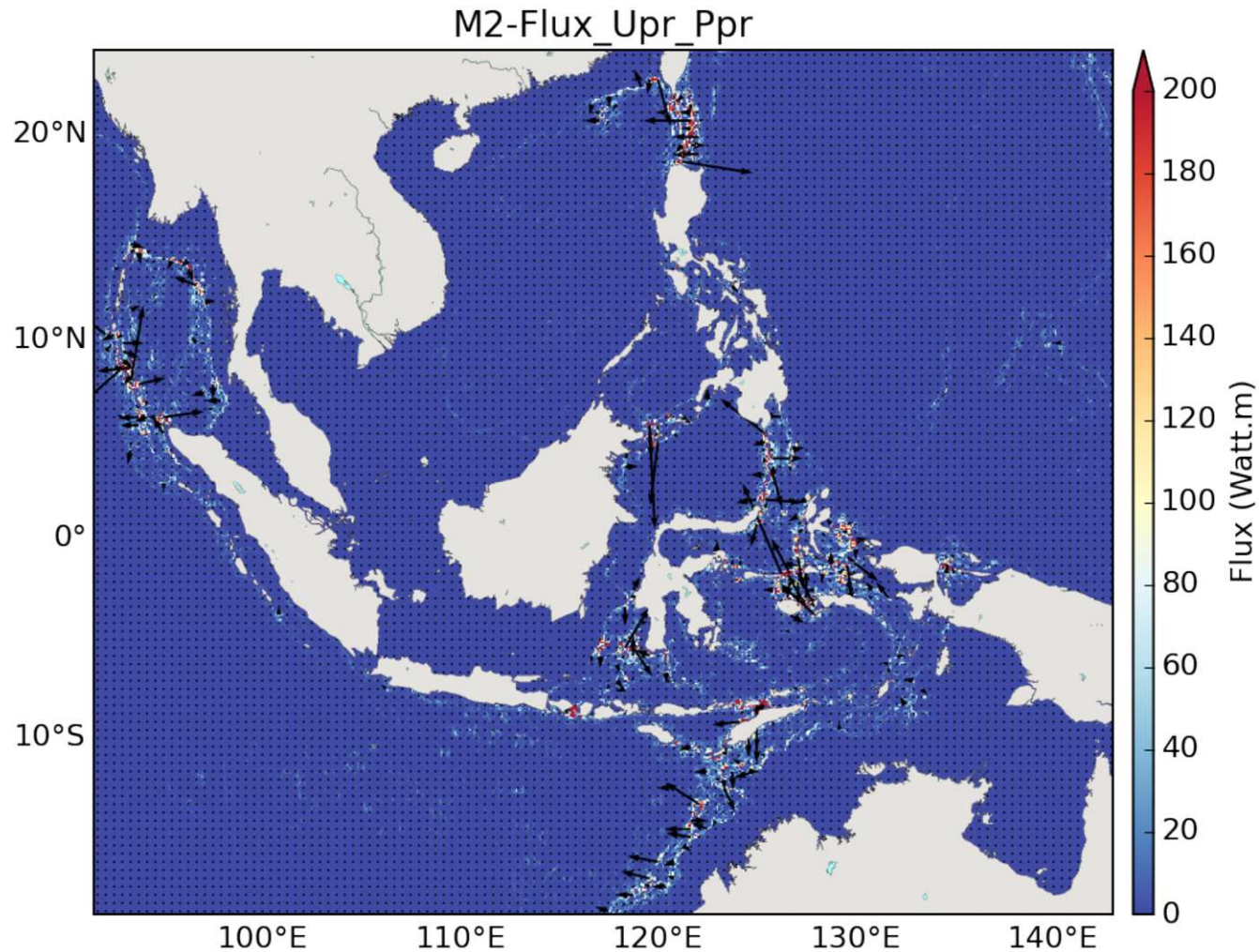
$$W = \rho_0 c_d |u|u^2$$

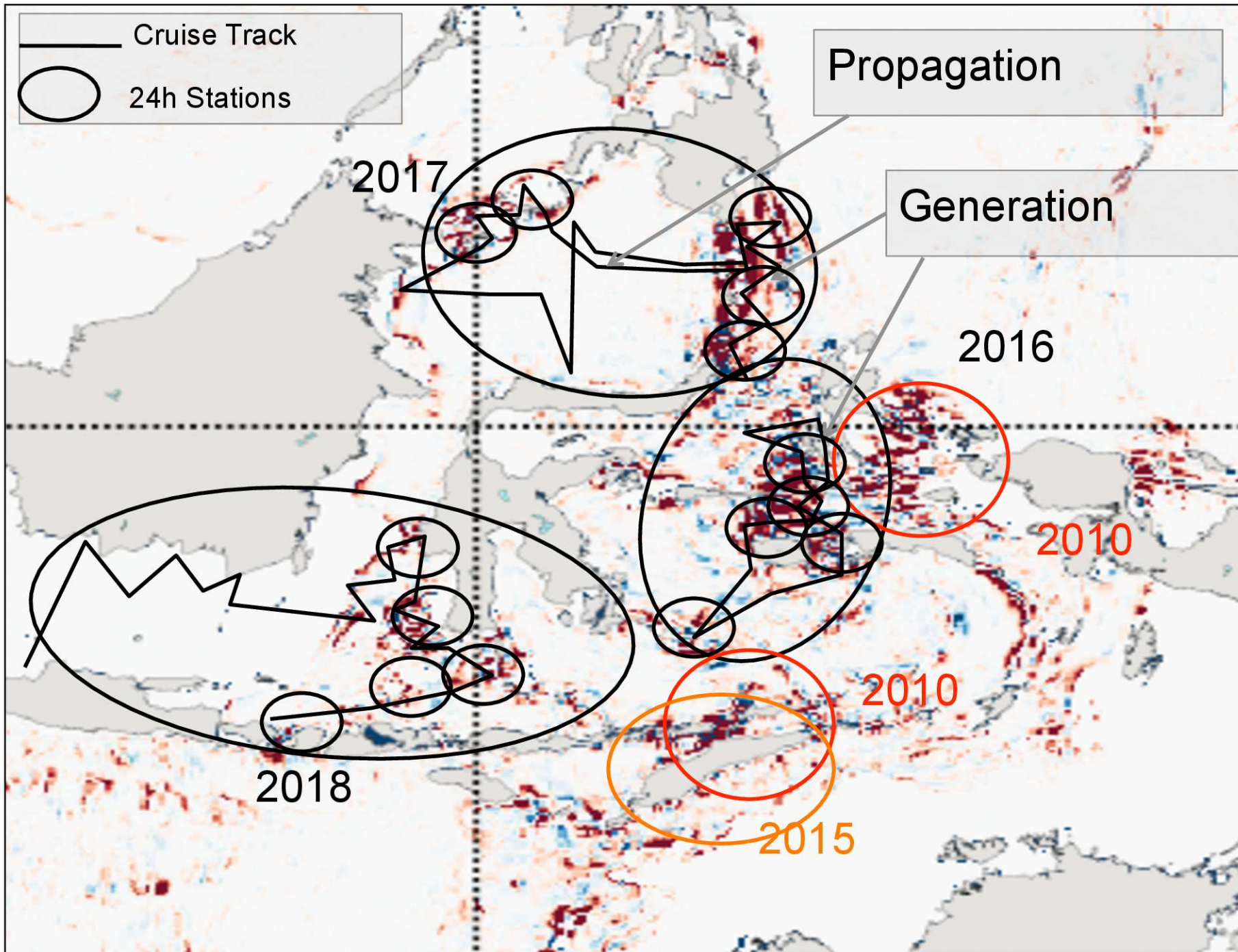


Total = 0,18 TW

4) INDESO : NEMO explicit tidal forcing

F' : baroclinic flux M2 (W/m)

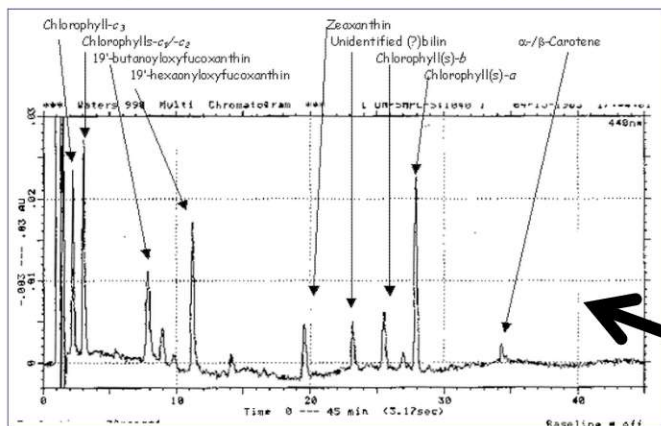




INDESOMix : measures

Physic

VMP
+ CTD/LADCP



Biology

- CO2 : DIC/Alkalinity, PH
- CHLa : HPLC

Chomatography

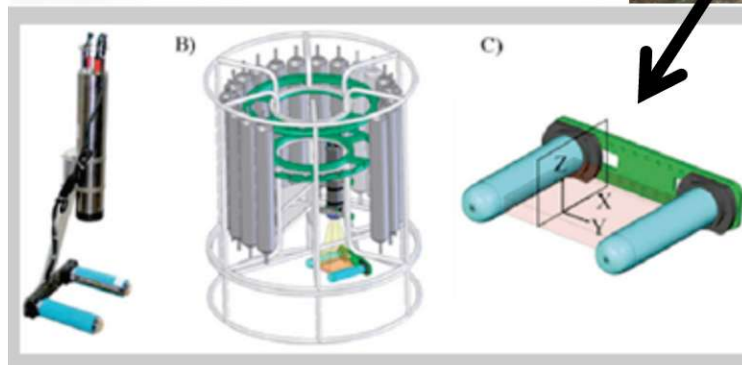
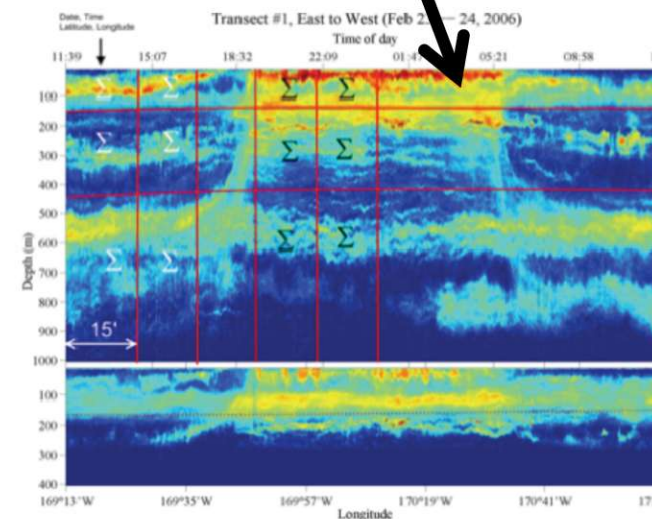
- Nutrients : ISUS

LISST/Transmissiometer

Echo sounder (3 freq EK60, Simrad)

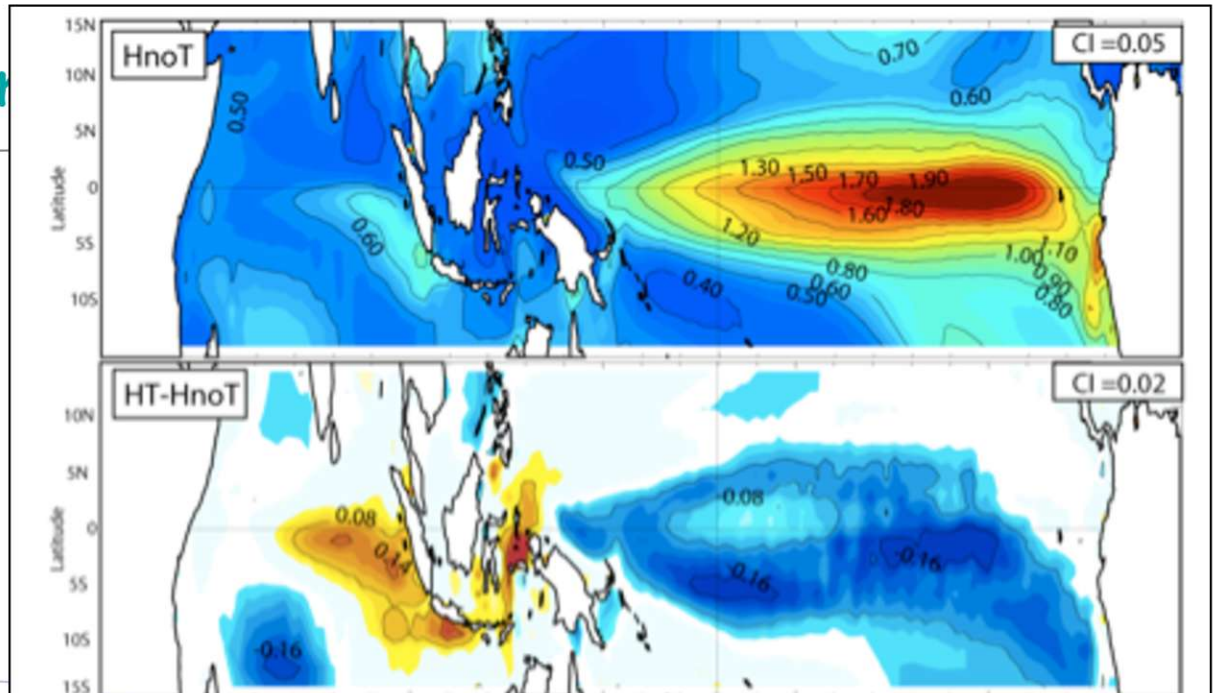
Chomatography

Need Freezer on bord !



2) Impact on climate

Coupled model :
 with param.
 ⇒ Modify tropical
 variability



Std of SSTs

